

Verizon
Business
Internet
Gateway

USER GUIDE



Model XC46BE ©2025 Verizon

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01/

INTRODUCTION

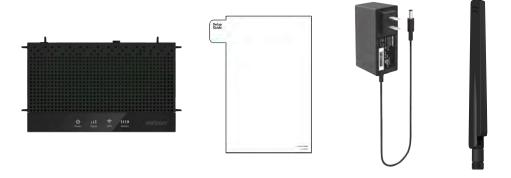
- 1.0 Inside the box
- **1.1** Getting to Know Your Verizon Business Internet Gateway
- **1.2** Setting Up Verizon Business Internet Gateway

INSIDE THE BOX

1.0/ INSIDE THE BOX

Inside the product package you should find the following items. Contact Verizon if any item is missing or damaged.

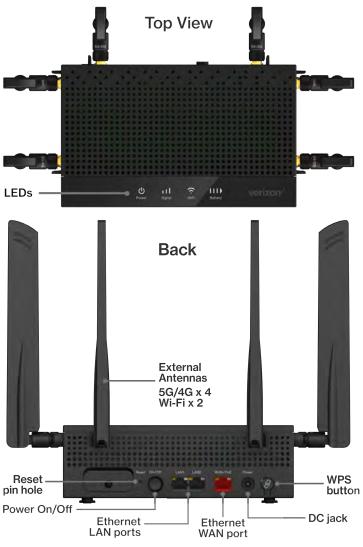
- Verizon Business Internet Gateway
- Setup guide
- Power adapter
- Paddle antenna 5G/4G x 4, Wi-Fi x 2



1.1/ GETTING TO KNOW YOUR VERIZON BUSINESS INTERNET GATEWAY

Your Verizon Business Internet Gateway (Gateway) can be used as a wireless mobile hotspot and allows you to access Verizon's 5G/4G LTE network for fast apps, uploads and downloads. The Gateway also provides fast dual-band Wi-Fi (with channel steering) for all your devices, and features built-in network security as well as content controls, guest Wi-Fi and automatic software updates.





GETTING TO KNOW YOUR VERIZON BUSINESS INTERNET GATEWAY

1.1a/ RESET PIN HOLE

The reset PIN hole allows you to reset the gateway back to its factory default state. Using the reset function will revert all settings and changes made during the setup process. To perform a factory reset and return the Verizon Business Internet Gateway to default settings, press and hold the reset PIN hole for 3+ seconds. The System LED will flash yellow to indicate a reset has been triggered, followed by fading in/out (white) while the gateway restarts.

1.1b/ WPS

WPS is an easy way to add supported Wi-Fi devices to your network. Press the WPS button on the back of the Gateway to activate WPS. You will need to activate WPS on your Wi-Fi device too. Refer to "3.1d/ Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS)" on page 40.

1.1c/ LEDS

The LEDs indicate the system and connection status, and WPS activity.

System LED

LED Mode	ED Mode Status		
System Status (Power)			
Bootup	System booting	Soft blink white	
	Firmware update	Fast blink white	
Regular usage mode Rest mode		Solid white	
Wired WAN connectivity	In service	Solid blue	
IP Passthrough mode IPPT (IP Passthrough) enabled		Solid green	

LED Mode	Status	LED Pattern
	Factory reset	Fast blink yellow
	Hardware error	Soft blink red
Other	No SIM card	Hard blink red
	No signal; not connected to Internet	Solid red

Signal Strength LEDs

LED Mode	Status	LED Pattern
Regular usage mode	Rest mode	50% dim white
3 bars (Excellent 5G or 4G coverage	Solid white
2 bars (Good 5G or 4G coverage	Solid white
1 bar (∎)	Weak 5G or 4G coverage	Solid white

Wi-Fi LED

LED Mode	Status	LED Pattern
÷		
	Passing signal	Solid white
	Setup complete	Solid white
Regular usage mode	Not connected to Internet	Solid red
	Rest mode	Solid dim white

http://setup.verizon.com/businessinternetgateway | ©2025 Verizon. All Rights Reserved

GETTING TO KNOW YOUR VERIZON BUSINESS INTERNET GATEWAY

LED Mode	Status	LED Pattern
	Pairing WPS (in progress)	Hard blink blue
	WPS connection success	Fast blink blue
Pairing	WPS connection unsuccessful (time out)	Fast blink red
	WPS connection failure (interrupted)	Hard blink red
Other	Hardware error	Soft blink red

Battery LEDs

LED Mode	Status	LED Pattern
1111	More bars indicates more battery life	Solid white

Ethernet Port LEDs

Ethernet Port LED Mode	Status	Left LED	Right LED
	Ethernet > 100M* Link	Off	Solid white
Wired LAN connection	Ethernet > 100M* Activity	Off	Blinking white
* Threshold level can be decided	Ethernet < 100M* Link	Solid yellow	Off
based on port capability.	Ethernet < 100M* Activity	Blinking yellow	Off
	No Ethernet connection	Off	Off

1.2/ SETTING UP VERIZON BUSINESS INTERNET GATEWAY 1.2a/ POSITIONING YOUR GATEWAY

For the best wireless signal transmission from the Gateway to your network devices:

- Place the Gateway on an elevated surface near a window or perimeter wall.
- Avoid keeping the device in the basement to get better signal.
- Avoid having obstacles near the device, clear any objects near the window that could interfere with getting a signal.
- Keep the Gateway away from metal obstructions and away from direct sunlight.
- Keep the Gateway away from 802.11g or 20MHz only Wi-Fi devices, 2.4GHz computer peripherals, Bluetooth devices, cordless phones, transformers, heavy-duty motors, fluorescent lights, microwave ovens, refrigerators, and other industrial equipment to prevent signal interference or loss.

1.2b/ CONNECTING EXTERNAL ANTENNAS

The Verizon Business Internet Gateway comes with six detachable antennas. To connect the external antennas:

 Ensure the Gateway is powered off and unplugged from the power outlet.

SETTING UP VERIZON BUSINESS INTERNET GATEWAY

2. Connect the six antennas to their appropriate ports on the Gateway. Ensure the labels on the ports match those on the antenna labeled either Wi-Fi or 4G/5G. Please ensure the antennas are securely hand tightened for optimal performance.



3. For the best reception, position the antennas so that they are in an upright position as illustrated.



SETTING UP VERIZON BUSINESS INTERNET GATEWAY

1.2c/ POWERING UP YOUR GATEWAY

- 1. Plug the Gateway into a power outlet with the included power adapter.
- 2. Press the power button to turn it on. Wait up to 15 minutes for the system light to turn off.
 - The light will blink white while the Gateway is powering on and updating software. Don't turn off the power to the Gateway.
 - If it turns solid red: No signal in this location. Move the Gateway to another location.
 - If it blinks red: Activation error. Power off the Gateway and turn it back on.
- 3. Check the signal strength. One signal bar is all you need, but you can try to find an even stronger signal by checking different areas.
- 4. Wait up to 15 minutes for the Wi-Fi light to turn on.
 Once it lights up solid white, you're ready to connect your devices. If it blinks red: Activation error. Power off the Gateway and turn it back on.
- 5. Connect your network devices.
 - Connect to your new network using the Wi-Fi name and password printed on the bottom panel of the Gateway, or scan the QR code there to connect automatically.

Note: If you are replacing an existing gateway, disconnect it. Remove all old gateway components, including the power supply. They will not work with the new Verizon Business Internet Gateway.

Notes about the battery:

- This product contains a battery meant to provide backup power in case of power outages and will charge while the device is in use.
- It normally takes at least 3~5 hours with the wall charger to fully charge the battery.
- The battery discharges faster as additional devices connect with your Gateway.
- Battery life depends on the network, signal strength, temperature, features, and active connection time.
- When charging, keep your Gateway near room temperature.
- Never leave the Gateway in an unattended vehicle due to uncontrolled temperatures that may be outside the desired temperatures for your Gateway.
- It is normal for batteries to gradually wear down and require longer charging time.

02/

CONFIGURING YOUR VERIZON BUSINESS INTERNET GATEWAY

- 2.0 Configure Your Verizon Business Internet Gateway
- **2.1** Computer Network Configuration
- 2.2 Main Screen

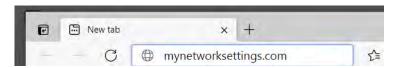
Connecting your Verizon Business Internet Gateway and accessing its web-based User Interface (UI) are both simple procedures.

Accessing the UI may vary slightly, depending on your device's operating system and web browser.

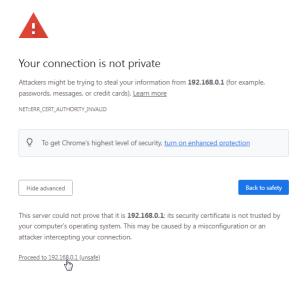
CONFIGURE YOUR VERIZON BUSINESS INTERNET GATEWAY

2.0/ CONFIGURE YOUR VERIZON BUSINESS INTERNET GATEWAY

- Open a web browser on the device connected to your Verizon Business Internet Gateway network.
- 2. In the browser address field (URL), enter: <u>mynetworksettings.com</u> (https://192.168.0.1), then press the **Enter** key on your keyboard.



3. You may see a security message warning that **Your connection is not private** when you visit https://192.168.0.1 for GUI management. To get to the login screen, click the **ADVANCED** button, then on Proceed to.192.168.0.1 (unsafe) link.



- 4. The login screen will appear.
 - The first time you access your Gateway, an Easy Setup Wizard displays to help step you through the setup process.
- On the Log in to Verizon Internet Gateway screen, enter the password that is printed next to the Network Settings Password on the label on the bottom of your Gateway.

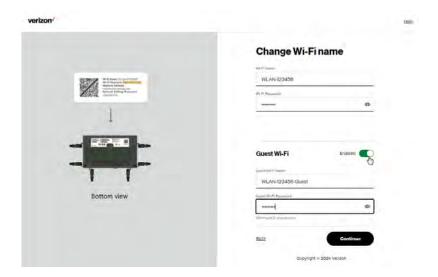






CONFIGURE YOUR VERIZON BUSINESS INTERNET GATEWAY

 Click Log In. The Change Wi-Fi name screen displays. Move the selector to on for setting up your Guest Wi-Fi to personalize your Guest Wi-Fi Name and Password.

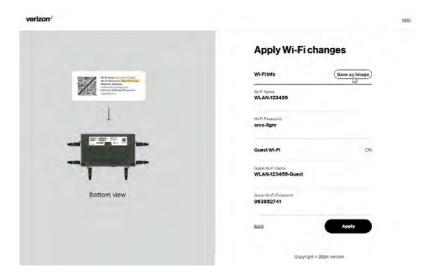


For your protection, your Gateway is pre-set at the factory to use WPA2 (Wi-Fi Protected Access II) encryption for your Wi-Fi network. This is the best setting for most users and provides security.

7. Click Continue. The Apply Wi-Fi changes screen appears. You have an option of saving the Wi-Fi settings as an image on your device by clicking the Save as image button. After you click Save as image to save your Wi-Fi settings as an image, click Apply to save the Wi-Fi changes to Gateway.

Note: If you select **Save as image**, the image file is saved to your web browser's download folder.

Important: If you are on a Wi-Fi device when setting up your Gateway, you will be disconnected from the Wi-Fi network when you change the Wi-Fi name or Wi-Fi password. When this occurs, your Gateway will detect this situation and prompt you to reconnect using the new settings.



The **You're all set up!** screen displays once your Gateway verifies the final settings and has successfully connected to the internet and is ready for use. You can click on **Go to Network Settings** to access the main screen of the Gateway.

CONFIGURE YOUR VERIZON BUSINESS INTERNET GATEWAY



If your Gateway is subsequently reset to the factory default settings, the settings printed on the label will again be in effect.

If your Gateway fails to connect, follow the troubleshooting steps in the Troubleshooting section of this guide.

2.1/ COMPUTER NETWORK CONFIGURATION

Each network interface on your computer should either automatically obtain an IP address from the upstream Network DHCP server (default configuration) or be manually configured with a statically defined IP address and DNS address. We recommend leaving this setting as it is.

2.1a/ CONFIGURING DYNAMIC IP ADDRESSING

To configure a computer to use dynamic IP addressing:

WINDOWS 7/8

- In the Control Panel, locate Network and Internet, then select View Network Status and Tasks.
- In the View your active networks Connect or disconnect section, click Local Area Connection in the Connections field. The Local Area Connection Status window displays.
- Click Properties. The Local Area Connection Properties window displays.
- 4. Select Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4), then click Properties. The Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties window displays.
- 5. Click the Obtain an IP address automatically radio button.
- 6. Click the **Obtain DNS server address automatically** radio button, then click **OK**.
- 7. In the Local Area Connection Properties window, click **OK** to save the settings.
- 8. To configure Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6) to use dynamic IP addressing, repeat steps 1 to 7. However for step 4, select Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6) in the Properties option (refer to IPv6 section for Gateway configuration).

COMPUTER NETWORK CONFIGURATION

WINDOWS 10

- On the Windows desktop, click on the Start icon. Select Settings and click Network & Internet.
- 2. In the Network & Internet, click **Ethernet**.
- 3. Select Network and Sharing Center. The View your basic network information and set up connections window displays.
- In the View your active networks, click Ethernet in the Connections field.
 The Ethernet Status window displays.
- 5. Click **Properties**. The **Ethernet Properties** window displays.
- Select Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4), then click Properties. The Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties window displays.
- 7. Click the **Obtain an IP address automatically** radio button.
- 8. Click the **Obtain DNS server address automatically** radio button, then click **OK**.
- In the Local Area Connection Properties window, click OK to save the settings.
- 10. To configure Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6) to use dynamic IP addressing, repeat steps 1 to 9. However for step 6, select Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6) in the Properties option (refer to IPv6 section for Gateway configuration).

MACINTOSHOS X

- Click the Apple icon in the top left corner of the desktop. A menu displays.
- 2. Select System Preferences. The System Preferences window displays.
- Click Network.

- 4. Verify that **Ethernet**, located in the list on the left, is highlighted and displays **Connected**.
- Click Assist Me.
- 6. Follow the instructions in the Network Diagnostics Assistant.

2.1b/ CONNECTING OTHER COMPUTERS AND NETWORK DEVICES

You can connect your Gateway to other computers or set top boxes using an Ethernet cable or Wi-Fi connection.

ETHERNET

- 1. Plug one end of an Ethernet cable into one of the Ethernet ports on the back of your Gateway.
- 2. Plug the other end of the Ethernet cable into an Ethernet port on the computer.
- 3. Repeat these steps for each computer to be connected to your Gateway using Ethernet.

The Ethernet WAN port provides the ability to connect an external ISP connection (i.e. modem) to the router. Once the WAN port is connected, primary connectivity to the internet will be through the external ISP and will failover to the Verizon cellular network if connectivity on the WAN port fails. Once stable connectivity over the WAN port is re-established, connectivity will move back to the WAN port. This is configured automatically once an active Ethernet cable is detected on the WAN port.

COMPUTER NETWORK CONFIGURATION

CONNECTING A WI-FI DEVICE USING WPS

Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) is an easier way for many devices to set up a secure Wi-Fi network connection. Instead of manually entering passwords or multiple keys on each Wi-Fi client, such as a laptop, printer, or external hard drive, your Gateway creates a secure Wi-Fi network connection.

In most cases, this only requires the pressing of two buttons – one on your Gateway and one on the Wi-Fi client. This could be either a built-in button or one on a compatible Wi-Fi adapter/card, or a virtual button in software. Once completed, this allows Wi-Fi clients to join your Wi-Fi network.

To initialize the WPS process, you can either press and hold the WPS button located on the bottom of your Gateway for more than two seconds or use the UI and press the on-screen button.

You can easily add Wi-Fi devices to your Wi-Fi network using the WPS option if your Wi-Fi device supports the WPS feature.

To access WPS using the user interface:

 From the Basic menu, select Wi-Fi settings, then click Wi-Fi Protected Setup.



- 2. Enable the protected setup by moving the selector to on.
- 3. Use one of the following methods:
 - If your Wi-Fi client device has a WPS button, press the WPS button on your Gateway for more than two seconds, then click the **Start** WPS button in **Option 1** to start the WPS registration process.
 - If your client device has a WPS PIN, locate the PIN printed on the client's label or in the client documentation. Enter the PIN number in Option 2 on the user interface.
 - Click Register.
 - Alternatively, you can enter the Gateway's PIN shown on this screen into the WPS user interface of your device, if this PIN mode is supported by your Wi-Fi device.
- After pressing the WPS button on your Gateway, you have two minutes to press the WPS button on the client device before the WPS session times out.

When the WPS button on your Gateway is pressed, the Status LED on your Gateway begins flashing blue. The flashing continues until WPS pairing to the client device completes successfully. At this time, the Status LED turns solid blue.

If WPS fails to establish a connection to a Wi-Fi client device within two minutes, the Status LED on your Gateway flashes red for two minutes to indicate the WPS pairing process was unsuccessful. After flashing red, the light returns to solid white to indicate that Wi-Fi is on.

Note: Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) cannot be used if WPA3 security is enabled or SSID broadcast is disabled or if MAC address authentication is enabled with an empty white list.

MAIN SCREEN

CONNECTING A WI-FI DEVICE USING A PASSWORD

- 1. Verify each device that you are connecting with Wi-Fi has built-in Wi-Fi or an external Wi-Fi adapter.
- 2. Open the device's Wi-Fi settings application.
- 3. Select the Wi-Fi network name (SSID) of your Gateway from the device's list of discovered Wi-Fi networks.
- 4. When prompted, enter your Gateway's Wi-Fi password (WPA2 or WPA3 key) into the device's Wi-Fi settings. Your Gateway's default Wi-Fi network name and password are located on the sticker on the bottom of your Gateway.



- 5. Verify the changes were implemented by using the device's web browser to access a site on the internet.
- 6. Repeat these steps for every device that you are connecting with Wi-Fi to your Gateway.

2.2/ MAIN SCREEN

When you log into your Gateway, the dashboard main page displays the navigation menus of Basic and Advanced settings, Wi-Fi settings, Devices, Content Controls, and connection status, and Basic quick links.



The configuration options available via the left-hand main menu are described in the following chapters:

- Basic Settings
 - System this chapter
 - Wi-Fi Chapter 3
 - Devices Chapter 4
- Advanced Settings Chapter 5

2.2a/ SYSTEM

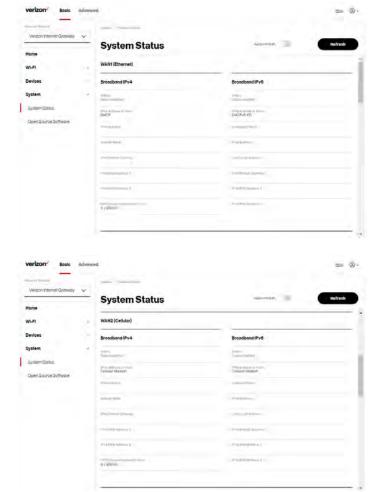
SYSTEM STATUS

To view the status:

1. Access the dashboard **Home** page.

MAIN SCREEN

You can quickly view your Gateway's status by clicking System\
 System Status on the screen. This section displays the status of
 your Gateway's local network (LAN) and internet connection (WAN),
 firmware and hardware version numbers, MAC Address, IP settings of
 Verizon Business Internet Gateway and Wi-Fi extender(s) (if connected).







MAIN SCREEN

OPEN SOURCE SOFTWARE



To view: From the **Basic** menu, select **System** from the left pane and then click **Open Source Software**.

03/

WI-FISETTINGS

- 3.0 Overview
- **3.1** Basic Settings
- 3.2 Advanced Settings

Wi-Fi networking can enable you to free yourself from wires, which can make your devices more accessible and easier to use.

You can create a Wi-Fi network, including accessing and configuring Wi-Fi security options.

OVERVIEW

3.0/ OVERVIEW

The Verizon Business Internet Gateway provides you with Wi-Fi connectivity using the 802.11a, b, g, n, ac or ax standards. These are the most common Wi-Fi standards.

The Gateway supports 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz Wi-Fi bands, and the operation modes and speeds are listed as follows:

- 2.4 GHz
 - Legacy operation mode: supports IEEE 802.11b/g/n with maximum theoretical rate of 300 Mbps
 - Compatibility mode: supports IEEE 802.11be
 - backward compatible with IEEE 802.11b/g/n/ax
 - maximum theoretical rate up to 688 Mbps
- 5 GHz
 - Legacy operation mode: supports IEEE 802.11a/n/ac with maximum theoretical rate of 960 Mbps
 - Compatibility mode: supports IEEE 802.11be
 - backward compatible with IEEE 802.11a/n/ac/ax
 - maximum theoretical rate up to 2.8 Gbps

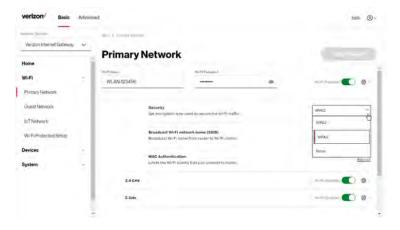
The Wi-Fi service and Wi-Fi security are activated by default. The level of security is preset to WPA2 encryption using a unique default WPA2 key (also referred to as a passphrase or password) pre-configured at the factory. This information is displayed on a sticker located on the bottom of your Gateway.

Your Gateway integrates multiple layers of security. These include Wi-Fi Protected Access, and firewall.



3.1/ BASIC SETTINGS 3.1a/ PRIMARY NETWORK

You can configure the basic security settings for 2.4 GHz or 5 GHz of your Wi-Fi network.



To configure the basic security radio, SSID and security settings:

 From the Basic menu, select Wi-Fi from the left pane and then click Primary Network.

BASIC SETTINGS

- 2. To activate the Wi-Fi radio, move the selector to **on**. If the radio is not enabled, no Wi-Fi devices will be able to connect to the office network.
- 3. If desired, enter a new name and password for the Wi-Fi network or leave the default name and password that displays automatically.

Note: The SSID is the network name. All devices must use the same SSID.

4. To configure the Wi-Fi **Security**, click the setup button and select **WPA2** or **WPA3**.

Caution: These settings should only be configured by experienced network technicians. Changing the settings could adversely affect the operation of your Gateway and your local network.

Broadcast Wi-Fi network name (SSID)

You can configure the Gateway's SSID broadcast capabilities to allow or disallow Wi-Fi devices from automatically using a broadcast SSID name to detect your gateway Wi-Fi network.

- To enable SSID broadcasting, move the selector to on. SSID broadcast is enabled by default. The SSID of the Wi-Fi network will be broadcast to all Wi-Fi devices.
- To disable SSID broadcasting, move the selector to off. The public SSID broadcast will be hidden from all Wi-Fi devices. You will need to manually configure additional Wi-Fi devices to join the Wi-Fi network.

MAC Authentication

You can configure your Gateway to limit access to your Wi-Fi network to only those devices with specific MAC addresses.



To set Wi-Fi MAC authentication:

- 1. To setup access control, click on the **Edit List**.
- 2. Select either:
 - Access List allows the listed devices to access the Wi-Fi network.

Warning: This will block Wi-Fi network access for all devices not in the list. Only devices in the list will be able to connect to the Wi-Fi network.

- Device Access Wi-Fi devices will be able to access the Wi-Fi network if they use the correct Wi-Fi password.
- 3. Enter the MAC address of a device and click **Add new device**.
- 4. Repeat step 2 and step 3 to add additional devices, as needed.
- 5. When all changes are complete, click **Apply Changes** to save the changes.

BASIC SETTINGS

3.1b/ GUEST NETWORK

The **Guest Network** is designed to provide internet connectivity to your guests while restricting access to your primary network and shared files. The primary network and the guest network are separated from each other through firewalls. You create one Guest Wi-Fi SSID and one password, and use it for all guests. The guest network SSID does not change when you make a change to your primary network SSID.

The Verizon Business Internet Gateway is shipped from the factory with Guest Wi-Fi turned off. The default SSID for Guest Wi-Fi is preconfigured at the factory to the default Wi-Fi network name (SSID) which is displayed on a sticker located on the bottom of the Gateway followed by hyphen guest (-Guest). For example, if the Gateway is shipped with a default SSID of "Verizon-ABCDE" then the default SSID for Guest Wi-Fi is "Verizon-ABCDE-Guest".



To configure the security settings for your guest network:

- 1. From the **Basic** menu, select **Wi-Fi** and then click **Guest Network**.
- 2. Move the selector to on.
- 3. If desired, enter a new name and password for the Wi-Fi network or leave the default name and password that displays automatically.

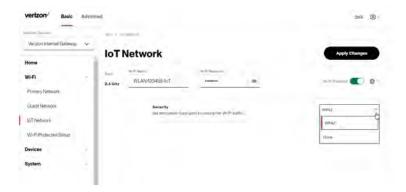
4. Press Apply Changes to save the changes.

Important: It is not recommended to create a guest network without a password.

3.1c/ IOT NETWORK

The Gateway supports connection of multiple IoT devices on a separate Wi-Fi SSID. The IoT Network is designed to provide an easier setup experience for your Internet of Things (IoT) devices which benefit from connecting to the 2.4 GHz band while keeping your Primary Network settings unchanged. IoT devices and Primary devices can communicate with no firewall restrictions separating them.

The Gateway is shipped from the factory with IoT Wi-Fi turned off. The default SSID for IoT Wi-Fi is preconfigured at the factory to the default Wi-Fi network name (SSID) which is displayed on a sticker located on the bottom of the Gateway followed by hyphen IoT (-IoT). For example, if the Gateway is shipped with a default SSID of "Verizon-ABCDE" then the default SSID for IoT Wi-Fi is "Verizon-ABCDE-IoT".



BASIC SETTINGS

To enable IoT Wi-Fi link:

- 1. From the **Basic** menu, select **Wi-Fi** and then click **IoT Network**.
- 2. Move the selector to on.
- 3. If desired, enter a new name and password for the Wi-Fi network or leave the default name and password that displays automatically.
- 4. Press **Apply Changes** to save the changes.

3.1d/ WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP (WPS)

Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) is an easier way for many devices to set up a secure Wi-Fi network connection. Instead of manually entering passwords or multiple keys on each Wi-Fi client, such as a laptop, printer, or external hard drive, your Gateway creates a secure Wi-Fi network connection.

In most cases, this only requires the pressing of two buttons – one on your Gateway and one on the Wi-Fi client. This could be either a built-in button or one on a compatible Wi-Fi adapter/card, or a virtual button in software. Once completed, this allows Wi-Fi clients to join your Wi-Fi network.

To initialize the WPS process, you can either press and hold the WPS button located on the bottom of your Gateway for more than two seconds or use the UI and press the on-screen button.

You can easily add Wi-Fi devices to your Wi-Fi network using the WPS option if your Wi-Fi device supports the WPS feature.

To access WPS using the user interface:

 From the Basic menu, select Wi-Fi and then click Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS).



- 2. Enable the protected setup by moving the selector to on.
- 3. Use one of the following methods:
 - If your Wi-Fi client device has a WPS button, press the WPS button on your Gateway for more than two seconds, then click the **Start** WPS button in **Option 1** to start the WPS registration process.
 - If your client device has a WPS PIN, locate the PIN printed on the client's label or in the client documentation. Enter the PIN number in Option 2 on the user interface.
 - · Click Register.
 - Alternatively, you can enter the Gateway's PIN shown on this screen into the WPS user interface of your device, if this PIN mode is supported by your Wi-Fi device.

BASIC SETTINGS

 After pressing the WPS button on your Gateway, you have two minutes to press the WPS button on the client device before the WPS session times out.

When the WPS button on your Gateway is pressed, the Status LED on the Gateway begins flashing blue. The flashing continues until WPS pairing to the client device completes successfully. At this time, the Status LED turns solid white.

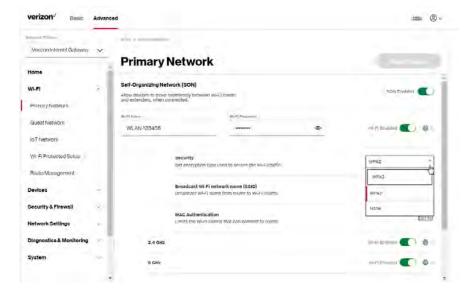
If WPS fails to establish a connection to a Wi-Fi client device within two minutes, the Status LED on your Gateway flashes red for two minutes to indicate the WPS pairing process was unsuccessful. After flashing red, the light returns to solid white to indicate that Wi-Fi is on.

Note: Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) cannot be used if WPA3 security is enabled or SSID broadcast is disabled or if MAC address authentication is enabled with an empty white list.

3.2/ ADVANCED SETTINGS 3.2a/ PRIMARY NETWORK

Self-Organizing Network (SON)

The Verizon Business Internet Gateway supports 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz signals. The Self-Organizing Network (SON) feature lets your devices move between these signals automatically for an optimized Wi-Fi connection.



To configure SON, Wi-Fi radio, SSID and security settings:

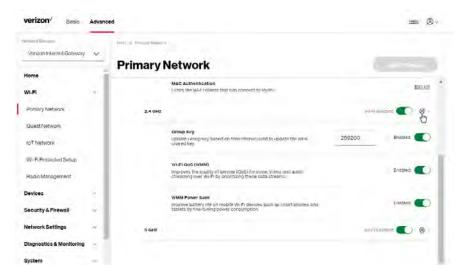
- From the Advanced menu, select Wi-Fi from the left pane and then click Primary Network.
- 2. To enable SON, move the selector to on.
- 3. To activate the Wi-Fi radio, move the selector to **on**. If the radio is not enabled, no Wi-Fi devices will be able to connect to the primary network.

ADVANCED SETTINGS

4. If desired, enter a new name and password for the Wi-Fi network or leave the default name and password that displays automatically.

Note: The SSID is the network name. All devices must use the same SSID.

5. To configure the Wi-Fi security, click the setup 🥸 button.

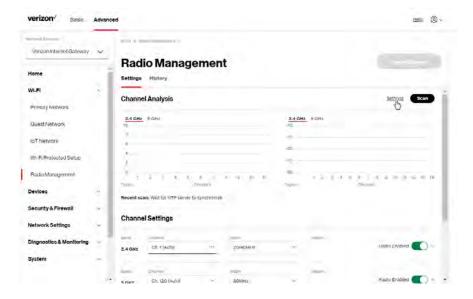


Caution: These settings should only be configured by experienced network technicians. Changing the settings could adversely affect the operation of your Gateway and your local network.

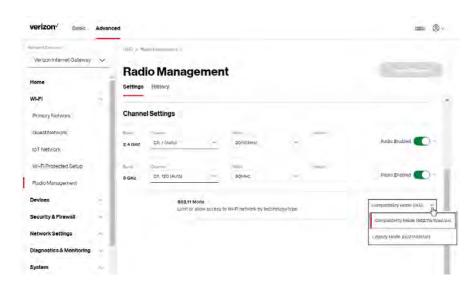
- Group key to update the WPA shared key, move the selector to on.
- Wi-Fi QoS (WMM) improves the quality of service (QoS) for voice, video, and audio streaming over Wi-Fi by prioritizing these data streams.
- WMM Power Save improves battery life on mobile Wi-Fi devices such as smart phones and tablets by fine-tuning power consumption.

3.2b/ RADIO MANAGEMENT

You can configure the channel settings ffor the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz band(s) of your Wi-Fi network.



ADVANCED SETTINGS



To view and configure the channel settings:

- From the Advanced menu, select Wi-Fi and then click Radio Management.
- 2. Click on **Settings** on the top right-hand side of the **Radio Management** page to configure the channel scan settings:



- Select the **Keep my channel selection during power cycle** check box to save your channel selection when your Gateway is rebooted.
- Enable DFS channels during channel scan: DFS channels are enabled by default during channel scans.

Note: DFS channels are a subset of the 5 GHz network that is shared with radar systems. Some consumer devices do not support these channels and cannot connect to gateways using them. Examples include some media streaming devices. Disabling this feature will allow the Gateway to select the best available channel to broadcast on and allow these devices to connect.

- Press Apply Changes to save the changes.
- 3. Click **Scan** to perform a channel availability scan for the Gateway to identify the radio channels providing the best Wi-Fi performance.
- 4. On the **Radio Management** page for 2.4 GHz or 5 GHz, the following information displays and can be configured:
 - Channel Analysis scans and displays channel bandwidth and signal strength of available APs. Channel Score displays a network congestion score of zero to ten in each Wi-Fi channel. It can be used to determine which channels to use or to avoid. Higher score indicates less congestion in a channel.
 - Channel Settings this is the radio channel used by the Wi-Fi
 Gateway and its clients to communicate with each other. The channel
 must be the same on the Gateway and all of its Wi-Fi clients. Select
 the channel you want the Wi-Fi radio to use to communicate, or
 accept the default (Auto) channel selection. Then the Gateway will
 automatically assign itself a radio channel.

ADVANCED SETTINGS

- Width displays the bandwidth available to the Wi-Fi channel currently in use on each band. Users can select from available channels.
- 802.11 Mode

You can limit the Wi-Fi access to your network by selecting the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz Wi-Fi communication standard best suited for the devices you allow to access your Wi-Fi network.

Select the Wi-Fi mode as follows:

- Compatibility This is the default mode setting on 5 GHz, providing a good balance of performance and interoperability with existing Wi-Fi devices. 802.11a,n,ac,ax and be devices can connect.
- Legacy This is the default mode setting on 2.4 GHz, providing broad connection support for old and new Wi-Fi devices. 802.11b,g,n,ax and be devices can connect

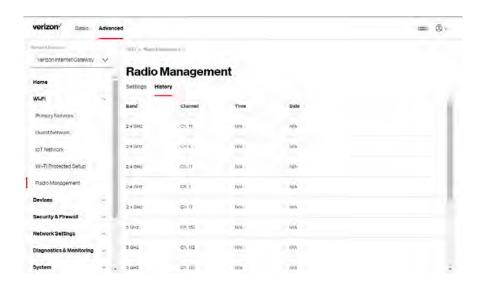
Notes:

802.11n is available on both 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz frequencies.

Connecting 802.11a, b or g devices will cause your Wi-Fi network to slow on that radio and is not recommended.

To view the channel settings history:

- From the Advanced menu, select Wi-Fi and then click Radio Management.
- 2. Click on **History** to display the channel settings history.



04/

CONNECTED DEVICES

- 4.0 Device Settings
- **4.1** Setting Content Controls
- 4.2 Universal Plug & Play

You can view the settings of the network devices connected to the network of your Verizon Business Internet Gateway.

The abundance of harmful information on the internet poses a serious challenge for employers as they ask "How can I regulate what my employee does on the internet?"

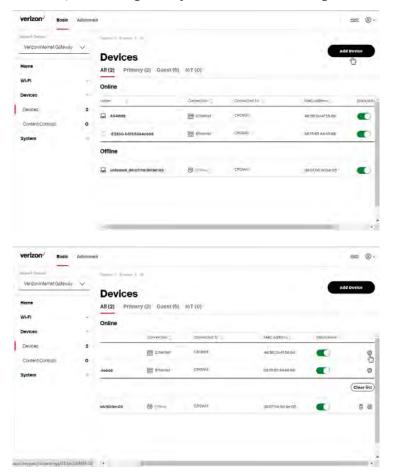
With that question in mind, the Content Controls of your Gateway were designed to allow control of internet access on all locally networked devices.

DEVICE SETTINGS

4.0/ DEVICE SETTINGS

To view and manage the connected devices on your network:

- 1. From the **Basic** menu, select **Devices** from the left pane.
- The screen displays information about connected devices including Device Name and identifiers, Content Controls, the type of network connection, and settings that you can view and configure.



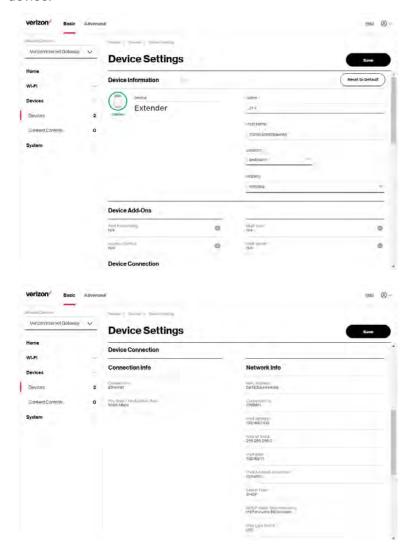
- 3. To easily add a new device to the network:
 - i. Click **Add Device** button on the screen.
 - ii. Select the preferred Network Type from the dropdown list (Primary, Guest or IoT).
 - iii. Scan the provided QR code with the new device's camera.
 - iv. Tap the push notification to connect the device to your network.



- v. You can add the new device to your Wi-Fi network by clicking the Start WPS button if your Wi-Fi device supports the WPS feature. Refer to "3.1d/ Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS)" on page 40 for detailed information.
- vi. Click **Done** to save the changes.
- 4. Click and drag the horizontal scrolling bar to the right on the screen for device configuration.
- 5. Click the **Block/Allow** option to quickly disable/enable a device from having internet access.
 - For additional information about blocking websites, refer to "Setting Content Controls" on page 56.

DEVICE SETTINGS

6. Click the Settings icon to access the **Device Settings** page for that device:





Device Information:

Device Type, Name/Host Name, Location, and **Mobility** - Displays the current known information of the device. These can be updated or corrected as needed. Click **Edit** and **Save** to apply any changes.

Device Add-Ons

Port Forwarding - Port Forwarding allows your network to be exposed to the internet in specific limited and controlled ways. For example, you could allow specific applications, such as video conferencing, voice, and chat, to access servers in the local network. To access the Port Forwarding page, click the setup button.

For additional information, refer to the Port Forwarding section in Chapter 5 Configuring Advanced Settings.

Access Control - Access Control restricts access from the local network to the internet. To access the Access Control page, click the setup button.

For additional information, refer to the Access Control section in Chapter 5 Configuring Advanced Settings.

SETTING CONTENT CONTROLS

DMZ host - DMZ host allows a single device on your primary network to be fully exposed to the internet for special purposes such as an email server. To access the DMZ host page, click the setup button.

For additional information, refer to the section in Chapter 5 Configuring Advanced Settings.

DNS Server - DNS Server manages the DNS server host name and IP address. To access the DNS Server page, click the setup button.

For additional information, refer to the section in Chapter 5 Configuring Advanced Settings.

Device Connection

- This section provides the device MAC Address, Access Point information the device is connected to as well as the IPv4 Address of the device.
- This section displays Connection information of how and how well the device is connected to the Access Point. It also displays the Network related information, including IPv6 addresses and a Ping Test option.

4.1/ SETTING CONTENT CONTROLS 4.1a/ ACTIVATING CONTENT CONTROLS

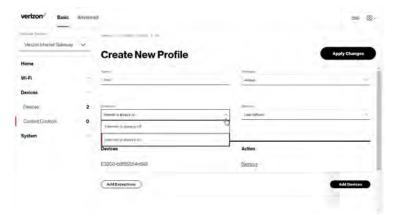
You can create a basic access policy by using the provided **Rule Templates** for any computer or device on your Gateway network. Content Controls limit internet access to specific websites based on a schedule that you create.

Access can be limited on specific websites or keywords embedded in a website. For example, you can block access to the 'www.anysite.com' as well as block any website that has the word 'any' in its site name.



To limit device access:

- From the Basic menu, select Devices from the left pane and then click Content Controls.
- To use the default Rule Templates, select one of the pre-defined rules as shown on screen to quickly setup access policy for devices on your network.
- 3. To create a new access policy, click on the **New Rule** and the configuration page displays.



SETTING CONTENT CONTROLS

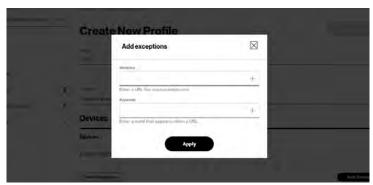
- 4. Create a rule name.
- 5. Create a **Schedule** by selecting **User defined** from the dropdown list.



- 6. Select the days of the week when the rule will be active or inactive.
- 7. Set the time when the rule will be active or inactive, then specify the start time and end time.
- 8. Click **Apply** to save changes.
- 9. Select the Condition rule of Internet is always off/Internet is always on to block/allow the access to all internet websites.
- 10. Create the Devices rule by selecting User defined from the dropdown list and select the computers or clicking Add Devices to add a device where you are limiting access.



- 11. Click Apply to save changes.
- 12. To remove a device from the list, click **Remove** for the assigned device.
- **13**. Click **Add Exceptions** for the following exception options:
 - Enter the name of the website or keywords within a URL to block/ allow the specified websites and websites with names containing the specified keyword.



14. Click Apply to save changes.

UNIVERSAL PLUG & PLAY

4.1b/ ACTIVE RULES

You can view the rules created for your Gateway shown on the **Content Controls** page.



4.2/ UNIVERSAL PLUG & PLAY

You can use Universal Plug and Play (UPnP) to support new devices without configuring or rebooting your Gateway.

In addition, you can enable the automatic cleanup of invalid rules. When enabled, this functionality verifies the validity of all UPnP services and rules every five minutes. Old and unused UPnP defined services are removed, unless a user-defined rule depends on it.

UPnP services are not deleted when disconnecting a computer without proper shutdown of the UPnP applications, such as messenger. Services may often not be deleted and eventually this leads to the exhaustion of rules and services. No new services can be defined. The cleanup feature locates the invalid services and removes them, preventing services exhaustion.

To access this setting:

 From the Advanced menu, select Devices from the left pane and then click Universal Plug & Play.



- 2. To enable UPnP and allow UPnP services to be defined on any network hosts, select the **UPnP Enabled** check box.
- 3. To enable automatic cleanup of invalid rules, select **Enable Automatic Cleanup of Old Unused UPnP Services** check box.
- 4. Click **Apply Changes** to save changes.

05/

CONFIGURING ADVANCED SETTINGS

- 5.0 Security & Firewall
- **5.1** Network Settings
- **5.2** Diagnostics & Monitoring
- 5.3 System

Advanced settings cover a wide range of sophisticated configurations for your Verizon Business Internet Gateway's firmware, security setup and network.

The security suite of your Gateway includes comprehensive and robust security services, such as stateful packet inspection, firewall security, user authentication protocols, and password protection mechanisms.

These and other features help protect your computers from security threats on the internet.

This chapter covers the following advanced features:

Security & Firewall

- General Firewall manages the security level for the firewall.
- Access Control restricts access from the local network to the internet.
- DMZ Host allows a single device on your primary network to be fully exposed to the internet for special purposes such as video conferencing.
- IPv6 Pinholes provides access tunnel to a service on a host for a particular application.
- Port Forwarding enables access from the internet to specified services provided by computers on the local network.
- Port Forwarding Rules displays port forwarding rules.
- Port Triggering defines port triggering entries to dynamically open the firewall for some protocols or ports.
- Scheduler Rules Settings limits the activation of firewall rules to specific time periods.
- SIP ALG supports the Application Layer Gateway for Session Initiation Protocol.

Network Settings

- ARP Table displays active devices with their IP and MAC addresses.
- DNS Server manages the DNS server host name and IP address.
- Dynamic DNS allows a static domain name to be mapped to the dynamic IP address.
- IPv4/IPv6 Address Distribution adds computers configured as DHCP clients to the network.
- IPv6 enables IPv6 support.
- MAC Cloning clones the MAC address.

- NDP (Neighbor Discovery Protocol) Table displays active devices with their IPv6 and MAC addresses of DHCP connection.
- Network Connections displays and manages the details of a specific network connection.
- Network Objects defines a group, such as a group of computers.
- Port Configuration sets up the Ethernet ports as either full- or half-duplex ports, at either 10 Mbps, 100 Mbps, or 1000 Mbps.
- Routing manages the routing and IP address distribution rules.

Diagnostics & Monitoring – performs diagnostic tests and displays the details and status of:

- · Bandwidth Monitoring
- System Logging
- Full Status/System wide Monitoring of Connections/Traffic Monitoring
- Backhaul Logging

Advanced System Settings

- Date & Time Settings sets the time zone and enables automatic time updates.
- Factory Reset resets your Gateway to its default settings.
- LED Brightness controls the Status LED light to either dim or brighten.
- Reboot Router restarts your Gateway.
- Remote Administration enables remote configuration of your Gateway from any internet-accessible computer.
- System Settings sets up various system and management parameters.

SECURITY & FIREWALL

5.0/ SECURITY & FIREWALL

The firewall is the cornerstone of the security suite for your Gateway. It has been exclusively tailored to the needs of the residential or office user and is preconfigured to provide optimum security.

The firewall provides both the security and flexibility that office users seek. It provides a managed, professional level of network security while enabling the safe use of interactive applications, such as video conferencing.

Additional features, including surfing restrictions and access control, can also be configured locally through the user interface or remotely by a service provider.

The firewall regulates the flow of data between the local network and the internet. Both incoming and outgoing data are inspected, then either accepted and allowed to pass through your Gateway or rejected and barred from passing through your Gateway, according to a flexible and configurable set of rules. These rules are designed to prevent unwanted intrusions from the outside, while allowing local network users access to internet services.

The firewall rules specify the type of services on the internet that are accessible from the local network and types of services in the local network that are accessible from the internet.

Each request for a service that the firewall receives is checked against the firewall rules to determine whether the request should be allowed to pass through the firewall. If the request is permitted to pass, all subsequent data associated with this request or session is also allowed to pass, regardless of its direction.

For example, when accessing a website on the internet, a request is sent to the internet for this site. When the request reaches your Gateway, the firewall identifies the request type and origin, such as HTTP and a specific computer in the local network. Unless your Gateway is configured to block requests of this type from this computer, the firewall allows this type of request to pass to the internet

When the website is returned from the web server, the firewall associates the website with this session and allows it to pass; regardless HTTP access from the internet to the local network is blocked or permitted. It is the origin of the request, not subsequent responses to this request, which determines whether a session can be established.

5.0a/ SETTING FIREWALL CONFIGURATION

You can select a normal, high, or low security level to limit, block, or permit all traffic. The following table shows request access for each security level.

Security Level	Internet Requests Incoming Traffic	Local Network Requests Outgoing Traffic
High	Blocked	Limited
Normal	Blocked	Unrestricted
Low	Unrestricted	Unrestricted

The request access is defined as:

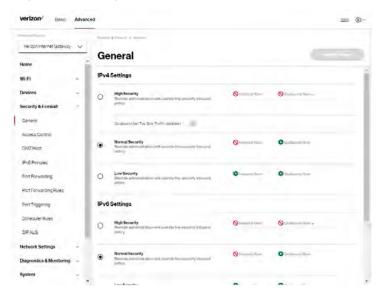
- Blocked traffic no access allowed, except as configured in Port Forwarding and Remote Access
- Limited permits only commonly used services, such as email and web browsing
- Unrestricted permits full access of incoming traffic from the internet and allows all outgoing traffic, except as configured in Access Control

SECURITY & FIREWALL

SPECIFYING GENERAL SETTINGS FOR IPV4 OR IPV6

To set your firewall configuration:

 From the Security & Firewall General settings page, click on desired IPv4 settings/IPv6 settings option to configure IPv4/IPv6 security.



- Select a security level by clicking one of the radio buttons. Using the Low Security setting may expose the local network to significant security risks, and should only be used for short periods of time to allow temporary network access.
- 3. Click Apply Changes to save changes.

5.0b/ ACCESS CONTROL

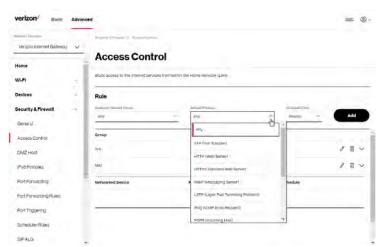
You can block individual computers on your local network from accessing specific services on the internet. For example, you could block one computer from accessing the internet, then block a second computer from transferring files using FTP as well as prohibit the computer from receiving incoming email.

Access control incorporates a list of preset services, such as applications and common port settings.

ALLOW OR RESTRICT SERVICES

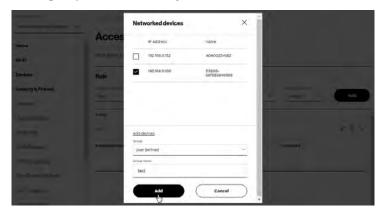
To allow or restrict services:

 From the Advanced menu, select Security & Firewall from the left pane and then click Access Control. The Access Control page opens with the allowed and blocked status displayed. The allowed section only displays when the firewall is set to maximum security.



SECURITY & FIREWALL

- 2. To apply the rule to:
 - Networked Device or Network Group select Any.
 - Specific devices only select networked device or User Defined.
- 3. Select the networked device to be allowed or blocked in the list.
- 4. In the **Add devices**, enter the group name, then click **Add**. The new network group is automatically added to the **Access Control** section.



- 5. To block a service, select the internet protocol to be blocked in the **Protocol** field.
- 6. If the service is not included in the list, select **User Defined**, define the service, then click **Add another entry**.
- Click Add. The service is automatically added to the Access Control section.



- 8. Specify when the rule is active as Always or User Defined.
- 9. Specify days of the week, and set the start time and end time when the rule will be active or inactive.



- 10. Click **Add day/time** to create the schedule time and choose the schedule rule by clicking on the check box on the screen.
- 11. Click **Add** to apply the changes.

SECURITY & FIREWALL

- 12. The **Access Control** page displays a summary of the new access control rule.
- **13.** To modify the current settings, click the edit icon in the action column and then the **Apply** button.
- 14. To remove an access restriction, click the trash icon. The rule is removed from the Access Control table.

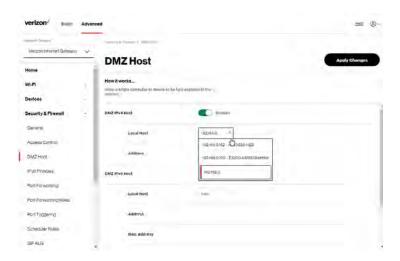
5.0c/ DMZ HOST

DMZ Host allows a single device on your primary network to be fully exposed to the internet for special purposes like video conferencing.

Warning: Enabling DMZ Host is a security risk. When a device on your network is a DMZ Host, it is directly exposed to the internet and loses much of the protection of the firewall. If it is compromised, it can also be used to attack other devices on your primary network.

Follow these steps to designate a device on your primary network as a DMZ Host:

- From the Advanced menu, select Security & Firewall and then click DMZ Host.
- 2. Select **Enable** for the DMZ Host.
- 3. Enter the IP address or select the MAC address of the device you want to designate as the DMZ Host.



4. Click Apply Changes to save changes.

5.0d/ IPV6 PINHOLES

The IPv6 Pinhole feature of the Gateway allows an application to send incoming packets for a certain port number to the destination computer by setting up the rule of authorization.

To configure the rules:

From the Advanced menu, select Security & Firewall and then click IPv6
Pinhole.

SECURITY & FIREWALL



- 2. Select external and internal host, protocol and the application port type.
- To schedule the rule, select either Always or User Defined in the Schedule list box.
- Click Add to list. The screen displays opened pinhole port and its status.
 It shows the IP addresses of remote device and connected device on your network.
- 5. Click **Apply Changes** to save changes.

5.0e/ PORT FORWARDING

You can activate port forwarding to expose the network to the internet in a limited and controlled manner. For example, enabling applications, such as video conferencing and voice, to work from the local network as well as allowing internet access to servers within the local network.

To create port forwarding rules:

 From the Advanced menu, select Security & Firewall from the left pane and then click Port Forwarding. The Port Forwarding page opens with the current rules displayed.



- 2. To create a new rule, enter the application name, configure its inbound and outbound port numbers, forwarding destination address, then select the protocol.
- 3. To schedule the rule, select either **Always** or **User Defined** in the **Schedule** list box.
- 4. Click Add to list. The rule displays in the Rules List section.
- 5. Click Apply Changes to save changes.

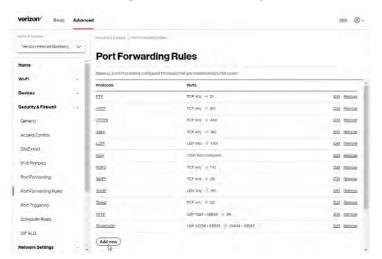
SECURITY & FIREWALL

5.0f/ PORT FORWARDING RULES

You can view, modify, and delete port forwarding rules.

To access the rules:

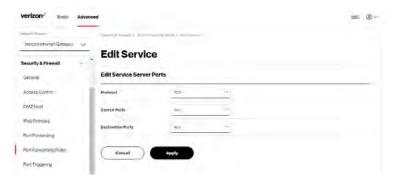
1. Select Port Forwarding Rules in the Security & Firewall section.



To create or edit a protocol rule, click the Add new or Edit icon in the action column. The Edit Service page displays.



- 3. Modify the **Service Name** and **Service Description**, as needed.
- 4. To add server ports, click Add.
- To modify the current protocol, click the Edit icon in the action column.
 The Edit Service Server Ports page displays.



- 6. Enter the **Protocol, Source Ports** and **Destination Ports**, as needed.
- 7. Click **Apply** to save changes.

SECURITY & FIREWALL

5.0g/ PORT TRIGGERING

Port triggering can be described as dynamic port forwarding. By setting port triggering rules, inbound traffic arrives at a specific network host using ports that are different than those used for outbound traffic. The outbound traffic triggers the ports where the inbound traffic is directed.

For example, a web server is accessed using UDP protocol on port 2222. The web server then responds by connecting the user using UDP on port 3333, when a web session is initiated.

In this case, port triggering must be used since it conflicts with the following default firewall settings:

- · Firewall blocks inbound traffic by default.
- Server replies to your Gateway IP, and the connection is not sent back to the host since it is not part of a session.

To resolve the conflict, a port triggering entry must be defined, which allows inbound traffic on UDP port 3333 only after a network host generated traffic to UDP port 2222. This results in your Gateway accepting the inbound traffic from the web server and sending it back to the network host which originated the outgoing traffic to UDP port 2222.

To configure port triggering:

 From the Advanced menu, select Security & Firewall and then click Port Triggering.



- 2. To add a service as an active protocol, enter the application name, configure its inbound and outbound (triggered/forwarded) port range, then select the protocol.
- 3. To schedule the rule, select either **Always** or **User Defined** in the **Schedule** list box.
- 4. Click **Add to list**. The rule displays in the **Rules List** section.
- 5. Click **Apply Changes** to save changes.

5.0h/ SCHEDULER RULES

Scheduler Rules are used for limiting the activation of firewall rules to specific time periods. The time periods are either for days of the week or for hours of each day based on activity or inactivity.

SECURITY & FIREWALL

To define a rule:

- 1. Verify that the date and time of your Gateway is correct.
- 2. Select Scheduler Rules in the Security & Firewall section.



3. Click Add. The Rule Scheduler page displays.



4. Enter the name of the rule, select the active or inactive days of the week and the start and end time range.

- 5. Specify if the rule is **active** or **inactive** at the scheduled time.
- 6. Click **Apply Changes** to save changes.

5.0i/ SIPALG

SIP ALG (Application Level Gateway) - supports various multiple application protocols by allowing dynamic ephemeral TCP/ UDP ports to communicate with the known ports which a particular client application (such as FTP, VoIP service, net meeting or streaming media) requires.

To enable the SIP ALG settings:

- From the Advanced menu, select Security & Firewall and then click SIP ALG.
- 2. Select Enabled for the SIP ALG.



3. Click **Apply Changes** to save changes.

5.1/ NETWORK SETTINGS 5.1a/ ARP TABLE

You can view the IPv4 and MAC addresses of each DHCP connection.

To view the IPv4 and MAC addresses for each device: From the **Advanced** menu, select **Network Settings** and then click **ARP Table**.

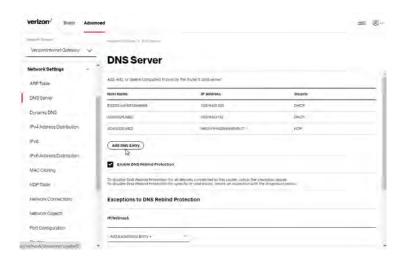


5.1b/ DNS SERVER

You can edit the host name and/or IP address, if the host was manually added to the DNS table. If not, you can only modify the host name.

To access the DNS server:

 From the Advanced menu, select Network Settings and then click DNS Server.



To disable DNS rebind protection for all devices connected to the Gateway, untick the check box of Enable DNS Rebind Protection.

Warning: Disabling this protection may create a risk of cyber security attack to devices connected to this Gateway.

To add a computer stored in the DNS table, click Add DNS Entry. The DNS Entry page displays.



- 4. In the **Host Name** field, enter the name of the computer, then enter the **IP address** and click **Apply** to save changes.
- 5. Then the **DNS Server** page displays.
- 6. To add a new IP address entry, select the **Add Exceptions Entry** in the **Exceptions to DNS Rebind Protection** section. Edit the IP address.
- To remove a host from the DNS table, click the Remove icon on the screen.
- 8. Click **Apply Changes** to save changes.

5.1c/ DYNAMIC DNS

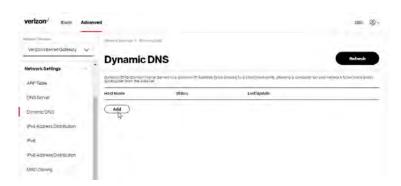
Typically, when connecting to the internet, your Gateway is assigned an unused public IP address from a pool, and this address changes periodically.

Dynamic DNS allows a static domain name to be mapped to the dynamic IP address, allowing a computer within your network to be more easily accessible from the internet.

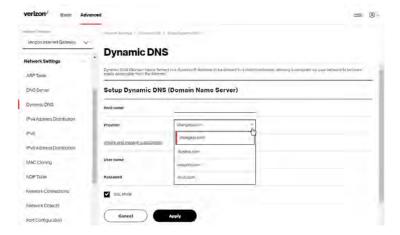
When using Dynamic DNS, each time the public IP address changes, the DNS database is automatically updated with the new IP address. In this way, even though the IP address changes often, the domain name remains constant and accessible.

To set up dynamic DNS:

1. Select **Dynamic DNS** in the **Network Settings** section.



2. To set up a new entry, click the Add button.



- 3. Configure the following parameters:
 - Host Name enter the full domain name for your Dynamic DNS domain.
 - Provider select the Dynamic DNS account provider from the menu.
 - User Name enter your user name for your Dynamic DNS account.

- Password enter the password for your Dynamic DNS account.
- SSL Mode select if your Dynamic DNS service supports SSL.
- 4. Click **Apply** to save your changes.

5.1d/ IPV4 ADDRESS DISTRIBUTION

You can easily add computers configured as DHCP clients to the network. The DHCP server provides a mechanism for allocating IP addresses to these hosts and for delivering network configuration parameters to the hosts.

For example, a client (host) sends a broadcast message on the network requesting an IP address for itself. The DHCP server then checks its list of available addresses and leases a local IP address to the host for a specific period of time and simultaneously designates this IP address as taken. At this point, the host is configured with an IP address for the duration of the lease.

The host can renew an expiring lease or let it expire. If it renews a lease, the host receives current information about network services, as it did during the original lease, allowing it to update its network configurations to reflect any changes that occurred since the first connection to the network.

If the host wishes to terminate a lease before its expiration, it sends a release message to the DHCP server. This makes the IP address available for use by other hosts.

The DHCP server performs the following functions:

- Displays a list of all DHCP host devices connected to your Gateway
- Defines the range of IP addresses that can be allocated in the network
- Defines the length of time the dynamic IP addresses are allocated

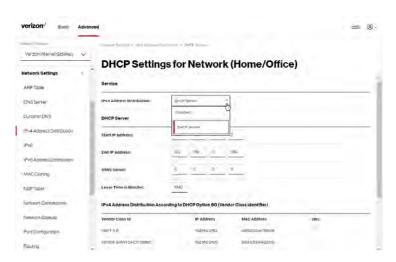
- Provides the above configurations for each network device and can be configured and enabled or disabled separately for each network device
- Assigns a static lease to a network computer to receive the same IP address
 each time it connects to the network, even if this IP address is within the
 range of addresses that the DHCP server may assign to other computer
- Provides the DNS server with the host name and IP address of each computer connected to the network

To view a summary of the services provided by the DHCP server:

Select IPv4 Address Distribution in the Network Settings section.



- You can edit the DHCP server settings for a device. On the IPv4 Address
 Distribution page, click the Edit icon on the screen. The DHCP Settings
 page opens with the device information displayed.
- 3. To enable the DHCP server, select **DHCP Server** in the **IPv4 Address Distribution** field.
- 4. Once enabled, the DHCP server provides automatic IP assignments (IP leases) based on the preset IP range defined below.



- 5. To configure the DHCP server, complete the following fields:
 - Start IP Address enter the first IP address that your Gateway
 will automatically begin assigning IP addresses from. Since your
 Gateway's default IP address is 192.168.0.1, the default start IP
 address should be 192.168.0.2.
 - End IP Address enter the last IP address that your Gateway will stop at for the IP address allocation. The maximum end IP address range that can be entered is 192.168.0.254.
 - WINS Server determines the IP address associated with a network device.
 - Lease Time in Minutes assigns the amount of time in minutes that each device is assigned an IP address by the DHCP server when it connects to the network.
 - When the lease expires, the server determines if the computer has disconnected from the network. If it has, the server may reassign this IP address to a newly connected computer.

IPv4 Address Distribution According to DHCP option 60 (Vendor Class Identifier)

DHCP vendor class is related to DHCP option 60 configuration within the Gateway. User can add option 60 configurations such that particular vendor can get lease from a specified pool of address. The existing vendor class ID, IP address, MAC address and QoS are shown on the screen above.

Click Apply to save changes.

DHCP Connection List

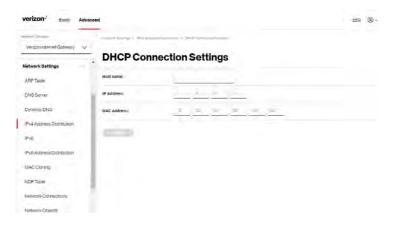
You can view a list of the connections currently assigned and recognized by the DHCP server.

To view a list of computers:

On the IPv4 Address Distribution page, click Connection List.



To define a new static connection with a fixed IP address, click Add static connection.



- 3. Enter the host name.
- Enter the fixed IP address to be assigned.
- Enter the MAC address of the network interface of the computer used with this DHCP static connection.
- 6. Click **Apply** to save changes.

5.1e/ IPV6

Use the IPv6 feature settings to enable, disable, or configure an IPv6 Internet connection and IPv6 LAN settings.

 To configure your network to use the IPv6 Internet connection type, select IPv6 in the Network Settings section to display the IPv6 service options:



- 2. Select Enabled in the Enable IPv6 Support field.
- 3. Click Apply Changes to have changes take effect.

Note: The Internet IPv6 service is required for this feature to work over the internet.

- To disable the IPv6 service, move the selector to off in the Enable IPv6 Support field.
- 5. Click **Apply Changes** to have changes take effect.

Once configured using valid IPv6 WAN and LAN configurations, you should not see any errors when you click on the **Apply Changes** button and the **Basic/System/System Status** page will reflect the Gateway's new IPv6 address.

You should also see the IPv6 address for all IPv6 supported devices on your local network displayed on the **Basic/Devices/Devices** page by selecting the Settings icon to access the **Device Settings** page for that device.



Static - WAN IPv6 Address Connection

The IPv6 WAN Static configurations are IPv6 settings that you enter manually. These specific IPv6 addresses and settings are not expected to change frequently.

 To configure IPv6 WAN Static mode, select the Static option on the IPv6 Configuration Controls page as shown below:



- 2. Specify the settings to be used to assign LAN IPv6 addresses by entering the following details:
 - IPv6 WAN Configuration (select Static)
 - Assigned Prefix (A numeric value between 16 and 128)
 - IPv6 WAN Address
 - Default Gateway: Verizon Business Internet Gateway
 - IPv6 (Primary) DNS Address 1
 - IPv6 (Secondary) DNS Address 2
- 3. After entering all appropriate IPv6 settings, click **Apply changes** to have changes take effect.

DHCPv6 PD - WAN IPv6 Address Connection

The IPv6 WAN DHCPv6 configurations are IPv6 settings that you enter that will allow your IPv6 connection to be updated by the ISP as needed.

To configure IPv6 WAN Stateful (DHCPv6) mode, select the DHCPv6-PD option on the IPv6 Configuration Controls page as shown below:



- Check to either Obtain IPv6 DNS Server address automatically, or Use the following IPv6 DNS Server addresses
- After entering all appropriate IPv6 settings, click Apply changes to have changes take effect.

WAN IPv6 with LAN IPv6 Stateful (DHCPv6) Settings

- To configure IPv6 WAN Stateful (DHCPv6) mode, select the Stateful (DHCPv6) option on the IPv6 Configuration Controls page.
- 2. Specify the **Stateful (DHCPv6)** settings to be used to assign LAN IPv6 addresses by entering the following details:



- IPv6 LAN Configuration (select Stateful from the dropdown list)
- LAN Prefix (automatically populated)
- DHCPv6 Client Address Range (start and end)
- LAN Link Local Address (automatically populated)
- Subnet ID set the site topology for your internal site
- Router Advertisement Lifetime (minutes between 0-150)
- IPv6 Address Lifetime (minutes between 3-150)
- Option: Allow ICMPv6 Echo Request for LAN devices using their Global IPv6 Address from WAN side - requesting an IPv6 address from any available DHCPv6 servers available on the ISP
- 3. After entering all appropriate IPv6 settings, click **Apply changes** to have changes take effect.

WAN IPv6 with LAN IPv6 Stateless Settings

- To configure IPv6 LAN Stateless mode with DHCPv6 WAN, select the Stateless option on the IPv6 Configuration Controls page.
- 2. Specify the settings to be used to assign LAN IPv6 addresses by entering the following details:



- IPv6 LAN Configuration (select Stateless from the dropdown list)
- LAN Prefix (automatically populated)
- LAN Link Local Address (automatically populated)
- Subnet ID set the site topology for your internal site
- Router Advertisement Lifetime (minutes between 0-150)
- Option: Allow ICMPv6 Echo Request for LAN devices using their Global IPv6 Address from WAN side - requesting an IPv6 address from any available DHCPv6 servers available on the ISP
- After entering all appropriate IPv6 settings, click Apply changes to have changes take effect.

LAN IPv6 Configuration without An IPv6 WAN Connection

 To configure IPv6 to use either the IPv6 LAN Stateful or Stateless mode without using an IPv6 Internet WAN connection, select the **None** option on the IPv6 Configuration Controls page.



After entering all appropriate IPv6 settings, click Apply changes to have changes take effect.

LAN IPv6 Stateful (DHCPv6) with No WAN Settings

 To configure IPv6 LAN Stateful mode with no WAN connection, select the Stateful option on the IPv6 Configuration Controls page as shown below:



- 2. Specify the **Stateful (DHCPv6)** settings to be used to assign LAN IPv6 addresses by entering the following details:
 - IPv6 LAN Configuration (select Stateful from the dropdown list)
 - DHCPv6 Client Address Range (start and end)
 - LAN Link Local Address (automatically populated)
 - Router Advertisement Lifetime (minutes between 0-150)
 - IPv6 Address Lifetime (minutes between 3-150)
 - Option: Allow ICMPv6 Echo Request for LAN devices using their Global IPv6 Address from WAN side - requesting an IPv6 address from any available DHCPv6 servers available on the ISP
- After entering all appropriate IPv6 settings, click Apply changes to have changes take effect.

LAN IPv6 Stateless with No WAN Settings

 To configure IPv6 LAN Stateless mode with no WAN connection, select the Stateless option on the IPv6 Configuration Controls page as shown below:



- 2. Specify the settings to be used to assign LAN IPv6 addresses by entering the following details:
 - IPv6 LAN Configuration (select Stateless from the dropdown list)
 - LAN Link Local Address (automatically populated)
 - Router Advertisement Lifetime (minutes between 0-150)
 - Option: Allow ICMPv6 Echo Request for LAN devices using their Global IPv6 Address from WAN side - requesting an IPv6 address from any available DHCPv6 servers available on the ISP
- After entering all appropriate IPv6 settings, click Apply changes to have changes take effect.

5.1f/ IPV6 ADDRESS DISTRIBUTION

To view a summary of the services provided by the DHCP server:

1. Select IPv6 Address Distribution in the Network Settings section.



- You can edit the DHCP server settings for a device. On the IPv6
 Address Distribution page, click the Edit icon on the screen column. The DHCP Settings page opens with the device information displayed.
- 3. To configure the DHCP server complete the following fields:
 - Start IPv6 Address the starting IPv6 address in the consecutive list of addresses that makes up this LAN pool for the DHCPv6 server.
 - End IPv6 Address the ending IPv6 address in the consecutive list of addresses that makes up this LAN pool for the DHCPv6 server.

- Lease Time in Minutes assigns the amount of time in minutes that each device is assigned an IP address by the DHCP server when it connects to the network.
 - When the lease expires, the server determines if the computer has disconnected from the network. If it has, the server may reassign this IP address to a newly connected computer.
- Click Apply to save changes.

DHCP Connection List

You can view a list of the connections currently assigned and recognized by the DHCP server.

To view a list of computers:

- On the IPv6 Address Distribution page, click Connection List.
- To define a new static connection with a fixed IP address, click Add static connection.
- Enter the host name.
- 4. Enter the fixed IP address to be assigned.
- Enter the MAC address of the network interface of the computer used with this DHCP static connection.
- 6. Click **Apply** to save changes.

5.1g/ MAC CLONING

A MAC address is a hexadecimal code that identifies a device on a network. All networkable devices have a unique MAC address.

When replacing a network device on your Verizon Business Internet Gateway, you can simplify the installation process by copying the MAC address of the existing device to your Verizon Business Internet Gateway.

To copy the MAC address of the existing device:

Select MAC Cloning in the Network Settings section.

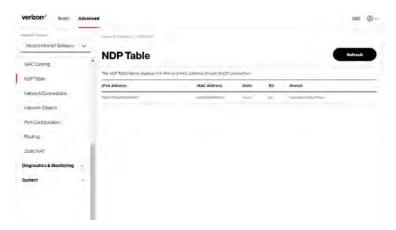


- 2. In the **To physical address** field, enter the MAC address of your new device.
- To locate the MAC address, refer to the documentation from the device manufacturer.
- 4. Click **Apply** to save changes.

5.1h/ NDP TABLE

You can view the IPv6 and MAC addresses of each DHCP connection.

To view the IPv6 and MAC addresses for each device: select NDP (Neighbor Discovery Protocol) Table in the Network Settings section.



5.1i/ NETWORK CONNECTIONS

Caution: The settings described in this chapter should only be configured by experienced network technicians. Changes could adversely affect the operation of your Gateway and your local network.

To view the network connections:

 From the Advanced menu, select Network Settings from the left pane and then click Network Connections.



To view and edit the details of a specific network connection, click the hyperlinked name or the action icon. The following sections detail the types of network connections that you can view.

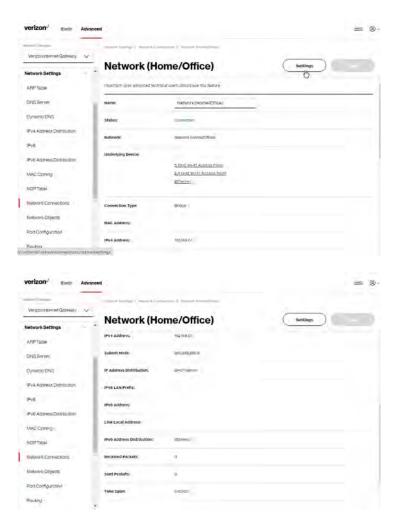
NETWORK (HOME/OFFICE) CONNECTION

You can view the properties of your local network. This connection is used to combine several network interfaces under one virtual network. For example, you can create a home/office network connection for Ethernet and other network devices.

Note: When a network connection is disabled, the underlying devices formerly connected to it will not be able to obtain a new DHCP address from that Gateway network interface.

To view the connection:

On the Network Connections page, click the Network (Home/Office)
connection link. The Network (Home/ Office) Properties page displays.

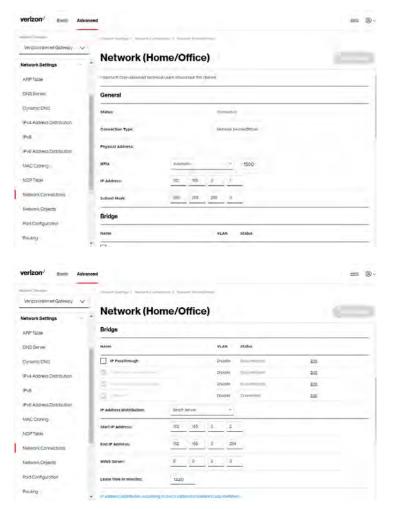


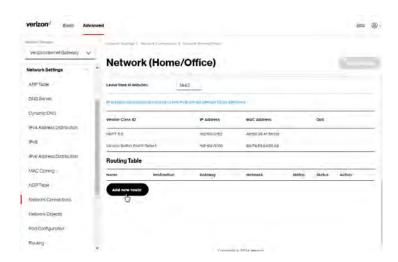
- To rename a network connection, enter the new network name in the Name field.
- 3. Click Save to save the changes.

CONFIGURING THE HOME/OFFICE NETWORK

To configure the network connection:

 In the Network (Home/Office) properties page, click Settings. The configuration page displays.





2. Configure the following sections, as needed.

General

In the **General** section, verify the following information:

- Status displays the connection status of the network.
- Connection Type displays the type of connection interface.
- Physical Address displays the physical address of the network card used for the network.
- MTU displays the Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) indicating the largest packet size permitted for internet transmissions:
 - Automatic: sets the MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) at 1500.
 - Automatic by DHCP: sets the MTU according to the DHCP connection.
 - Manual: allows you to manually set the MTU.

IP address and Subnet Mask: the network connection uses a
permanent or static IP address and Subnet Mask address, provided
by Verizon or experienced network technician.

Bridge

In the **Bridge** section of the **Network (Home/Office)** properties, you can configure the various LAN interfaces.

Caution: Do not change these settings unless specifically instructed to by Verizon. Changes could adversely affect the operation of your Gateway and your local network.

Verify the following information:

- IP Passthrough select to disable Wi-Fi and routing capabilities
 of the Gateway. May be necessary if connecting 3rd party
 routers to the Gateway and disabling the IP Passthrough mode
 into the device
- Status displays the connection status of a specific network connection.
- Action contains an Edit hyperlink that, when clicked, generates
 the next level configuration page for the specific network
 connection or network device.

IP Address Distribution

The **IP** Address Distribution section is used to configure the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) server parameters of your Gateway.

Once enabled and configured, the DHCP server automatically assigns IP addresses to any network devices which are set to obtain their IP address dynamically.

If DHCP Server is enabled on your Gateway, configure the network devices as DHCP Clients. There are 2 basic options in this section: **Disabled** and **DHCP Server**.

To set up the Gateway's network bridge to function as a DHCP server:

- In the IP Address Distribution section, select the DHCP server. Once enabled, the DHCP server provides automatic IP assignments (also referred to as IP leases) based on the preset IP range defined below.
 - Start IP Address Enter the first IP address in the IP range that the Gateway will automatically begin assigning IP addresses from. Since your Gateway's IP address is 192.168.0.1, the default Start IP Address is 192.168.0.2.
 - End IP Address Enter the last IP address in the IP range that the Gateway will automatically stop the IP address allocation at. The maximum end IP address range that can be entered is 192.168.0.254.
- If Windows Internet Naming Service (WINS) is being used, enter the WINS Server address.
- In the Lease time in minutes field, enter the amount of time a network device is allowed to connect to the Gateway with its currently issued dynamic IP address.
- IP Address Distribution According to DHCP option 60 (vendor class Identifier)

DHCP vendor class is related to DHCP option 60 configuration within the Gateway. Adding option 60 configurations allows a particular vendor to get a lease from a specified pool of addresses.

Routing Table

You can configure your Gateway to use static or dynamic routing.

- Static routing specifies a fixed routing path to neighboring destinations based on predetermined metrics.
- Dynamic routing automatically adjusts how packets travel on the network.
 The path determination is based on network/device reachability and the status of the network being traveled.

To configure routing:

1. In the **Routing Table** section, click the **Add new route** button to display and modify the new route configuration page.



2. To save your changes click Apply.

Wi-Fi ACCESS POINT CONNECTION

A Wi-Fi Access Point network connection allows Wi-Fi devices to connect to the local area network (LAN) using the 2.4 GHz or 5 GHz Wi-Fi network.

Note: Once disabled, all Wi-Fi devices connected to that Wi-Fi network will be disconnected from the LAN network and internet.

To view the connection settings:

- From the Advanced menu, select Network Settings from the left pane and then click Network Connections.
- To access the connection settings pages, click on the link of the Wi-Fi
 Access Point connections listed under Network name on the Network
 Connections page.



- 3. From the connection's **Enable Settings** page, to enable or disable the connection, move the selector to **on** or **off**.
- 4. To rename the connection, enter a name in the **Name** field.
- 5. Click **Apply** to save the changes.
- 6. Reboot your Gateway.

CONFIGURING WI-FI ACCESS POINT PROPERTIES

To configure the connection:

 On the bottom of the Access Point's specific Enable Settings page, click Settings. The configuration page displays.



2. Verify the following information:

General

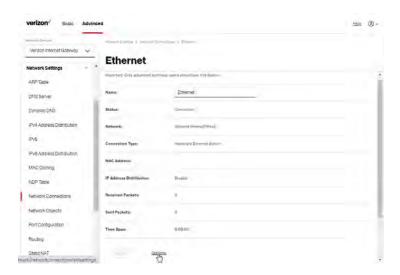
- Status displays the connection status of the network.
- Network displays the type of network connection.
- Connection Type displays the type of connection interface.
- Physical Address displays the physical address of the network card used for the network.
- MTU specifies the largest packet size permitted for internet transmissions:
 - Automatic: set the MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) at 1500.
 - Automatic by DHCP: sets the MTU according to the DHCP connection.
 - Manual: allows you to manually set the MTU.
- 3. Click **Apply** to save changes.

ETHERNET CONNECTION

You can view the properties of your Ethernet LAN connection using an Ethernet cable inserted into one of your Gateway's Ethernet LAN ports.

To view the connection settings:

 To access the Ethernet properties page, click the Ethernet link listed under Network name on the Network Connections page.

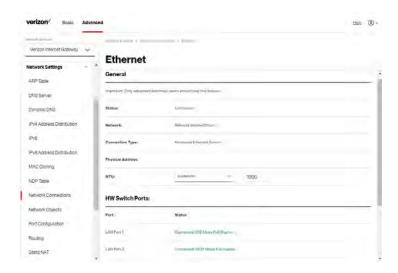


- To rename the network connection, enter the new name in the Name field.
- 3. Click Apply to save changes.

CONFIGURING ETHERNET PROPERTIES

To configure the connection:

1. In the **Ethernet** page, click **Settings**. The configuration page displays.



2. Verify the following information:

General

- Status displays the connection status of the network.
- **Network** displays the type name of network connection.
- Connection Type displays as Hardware Ethernet Switch.
- Physical Address displays the physical address of the network card used for the network.
- MTU specifies the largest packet size permitted for transmissions:
 - Automatic: sets the MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit at 1500).
 - Automatic by DHCP: sets the MTU according to the DHCP connection.
 - Manual: allows you to manually set the MTU.

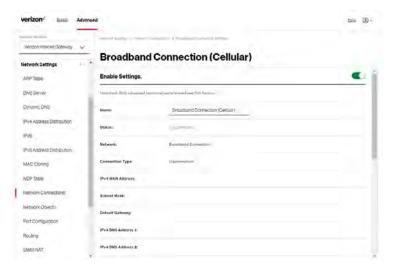
- HW Switch Ports displays the status of each LAN port.
- 3. Click **Apply** to save the changes.

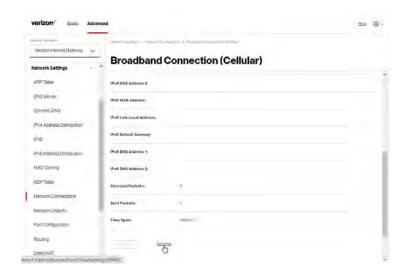
BROADBAND CONNECTION (CELLULAR)

You can view the properties of your broadband connection (your connection to the internet).

To view the connection settings:

 In the Network Connections page, click the Broadband Connection (Cellular).





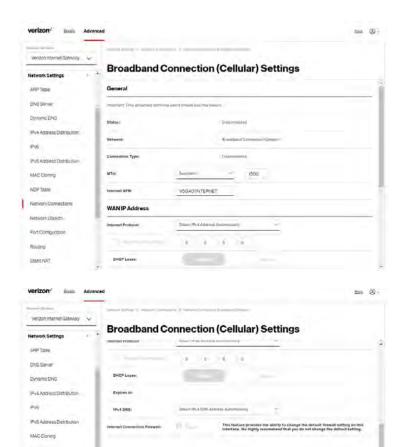
- From the connection's Enable Settings page, to enable or disable the connection, move the selector to on or off.
- To rename the network connection, enter the new name in the Name field.
- 4. Click **Apply** to save changes.

CONFIGURING THE BROADBAND CONNECTION

To configure the connection:

 On the bottom of the Broadband Connection (Cellular) page, click Settings. The configuration page displays.

Network Convections



2. Configure the following settings, as needed.

General

Verify the following information:

- Status displays the connection status of the network.
- Network displays the type of network connection.
- Connection Type displays the type of connection interface.
- MTU specifies the largest packet size permitted for internet transmissions:
 - **Automatic**: sets the MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit at 1500).
 - Automatic by DHCP: sets the MTU according to the DHCP connection.
 - Manual: allows you to manually set the MTU.
- Internet APN (Access Point Name) you may input APN information for your private network.

WAN IP Address

- In the Internet Protocol section of WAN IP Address, specify one of the following:
 - No IPv4 Address: the connection has no IP address. This is useful if the connection operates under a bridge.
 - Obtain an IPv4 Address Automatically: the network connection is required by your service provider to obtain an IP address automatically. The server assigning the IP address also assigns a subnet mask address, which can be overridden by entering another subnet mask address.

- Use the Following IP Address: the network connection uses a permanent or static IP address and Subnet Mask address, provided by your service provider or experienced network technician.
- To override the subnet mask, select the Override Subnet Mask check box, then enter the new subnet mask.
- Click Release/Renew in the DHCP Lease field to drop/get an IP address from the DHCP server.
- In the Expires In field, enter the amount of time a network device is allowed to connect to the Verizon Business Internet Gateway with its currently issued dynamic IP address.
- IPv4 DNS selects Obtain IPv4 DNS Address Dynamically for using Dynamic DNS. Each time the public IP address changes, the DNS database is automatically updated with the new IPv4 address. In this way, even though the IP address changes often, the domain name remains constant and accessible.
- Internet Connection Firewall allows you to enable or disable the firewall configuration on this interface.
- 3. Click **Apply** to save changes.

5.1j/ NETWORK OBJECTS

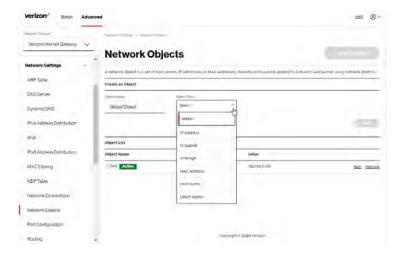
Network objects define a group, such as a group of computers, on your Gateway network by MAC address, IP address, and/or host name. The defined group becomes a network object. You can apply settings, such as configuring system rules, to all devices defined in the network object.

For example, instead of setting the same website filtering configuration individually to five computers one at a time, you can define the computers as a network object. Website filtering can then be simultaneously applied to all the computers.

You can use network objects to apply security rules based on host names, instead of IP addresses. This is useful since IP addresses change from time to time. In addition, you can define network objects according to MAC address to make the rule application more persistent against network configuration settings.

To define a network object:

- 1. From the Advanced menu, select Network Settings.
- 2. Select **Network Objects** in the **Network Settings** section.



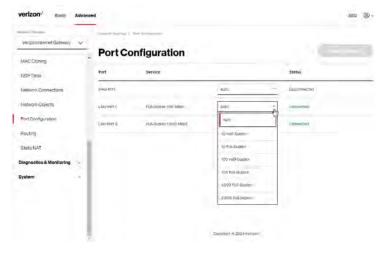
- 3. To define a network object, enter a name for the network object in the **Objects Name** field.
- 4. Select and configure the type of network object as IP address, IP subnet, IP range, MAC address, host name, or DHCP option, and click **Add**.
- 5. The network object displays in the **Objects List** section.
- 6. Repeat the above steps to create additional network objects.
- 7. When complete, click **Apply Changes** to save changes.

5.1k/ PORT CONFIGURATION

Ethernet port configuration allows you to set up the Ethernet ports as either fullor half-duplex ports, at either 10 Mbps, 100 Mbps, or 1000 Mbps.

To configure the ports:

1. Select **Port Configuration** in the **Network Settings** section.



- 2. To emulate the speed and duplex configuration of the port with which it's communicating, select **Auto** or select the port speed and duplicity.
- 3. Click Apply Changes to save changes.

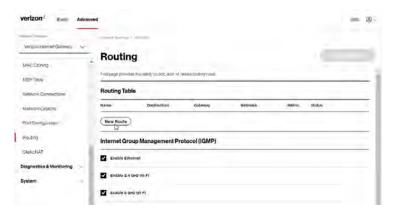
5.11/ ROUTING

You can view the routing and IP address distribution rules as well as add, edit, or delete the rules.

Routing Table

To view the rules:

1. Select Routing in the Network Settings section.



2. To add a new Route, click New Route.



- 3. Specify the following parameters:
 - Routing Entry select the IP address type.
 - Name the network connection type.
 - Destination enter the destination IP of the destination host, subnet address, network address, or default route. The destination for a default route is 0.0.0.0.
 - **Netmask** enter the network mask. This is used in conjunction with the destination to determine when a route is used.
 - Gateway enter the IP address of your Gateway.
 - Metric enter a measurement preference of the route. Typically, the lowest metric is the most preferred route. If multiple routes exist to a specific destination network, the route with the lowest metric is used.
- 4. Click Apply and Apply Changes to save changes.

Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP)

IGMP allows for managing a single upstream interface and multiple downstream interfaces of the IGMP/MLD (Multicast Listener Discovery)-based forwarding. This function enables the system to send IGMP host messages on behalf of hosts that the system discovers through standard IGMP interfaces. Also, IGMP snooping allows an Ethernet switch to "listen in" on the IGMP conversation between hosts and routers, while IGMP querier will send out periodic IGMP queries.

To enable this function:

- Choose the IGMP interfaces by clicking on the check boxes on the screen.
- 2. Click **Apply Changes** to save changes.

5.1m/ STATIC NAT

Static NAT allows devices located behind a firewall that is configured with private IP addresses to appear to have public IP addresses to the internet. This allows an internal host, such as a web server, to have an unregistered (private) IP address and still be accessible over the internet.

To configure static NAT:

Select Static NAT in the Network Settings section.



- 2. To create a static NAT, select a source address in the **Device** field.
- 3. Enter the **Public IP Address**.
- 4. If using port forwarding, select the **Enabled Port forward** check box.
- 5. Click **Add**. The rule displays in the **Rules List** section.
- 6. Click **Apply Changes** to save changes.
- Click Add another entry and repeat these steps to add additional static IP addresses.

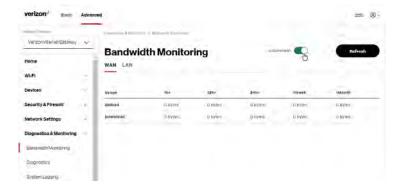
DIAGNOSTICS & MONITORING

5.2/ DIAGNOSTICS & MONITORING 5.2a/ BANDWIDTH MONITORING

You can view and monitor the recorded bandwidth usage measured in bytes.

To view the bandwidth:

- 1. From the Advanced menu, select Diagnostics & Monitoring.
- 2. In the **Diagnostics & Monitoring** section, select **Bandwidth Monitoring**.



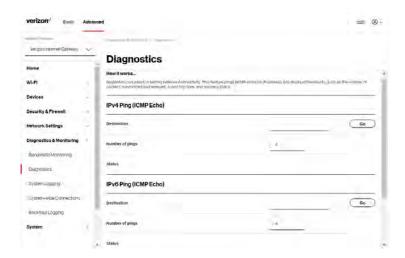
- 3. To refresh the page, click **Refresh**.
- 4. To continuously refresh the page, click **Auto-refresh on**.

5.2b/ DIAGNOSTICS

You can use diagnostics to test network connectivity.

To diagnose network connectivity:

- 1. Select **Diagnostics** in the **Diagnostics & Monitoring** section.
- 2. To ping an IP address, enter the IP address or domain name in the **Destination** field and click **Go**.



The diagnostics will display the number of pings, status, packets sent, and round trip time.

If no diagnostic status displays, click refresh in your web browser.

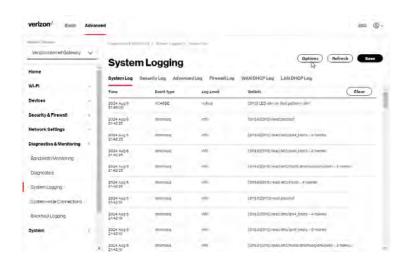
5.2c/ SYSTEM LOGGING

System logging provides a view of the most recent activity of your Gateway. In addition, you can view additional logs, such as the security, advanced, firewall, WAN link and LAN DHCP.

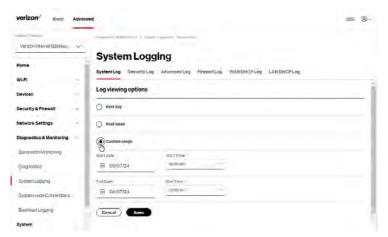
To view the system log:

Select System Logging in the Diagnostics & Monitoring section.

DIAGNOSTICS & MONITORING



2. To view a specific time of log event, click on the **Options** button.



- 3. Select your preferred logging time.
- 4. Click **Save** to save changes.

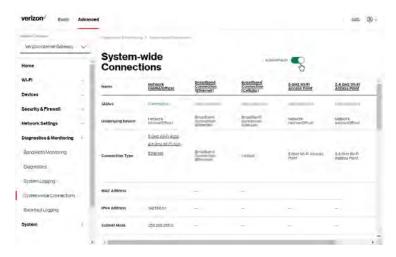
- 5. To view a specific type of log event such as Security Log, WAN Log, etc., click the appropriate link in the menu on the top.
- 6. To update the data, click **Refresh**.

5.2d/ SYSTEM-WIDE CONNECTIONS

You can view a summary of the monitored data collected for your Gateway.

To view your Gateway's full system status and traffic monitoring data:

 Select System-wide Connections in the Diagnostics & Monitoring section.



DIAGNOSTICS & MONITORING





- 2. To modify the connection properties, click the individual connection links.
- 3. To continuously refresh the page, click **Auto-refresh on**.

5.2e/ BACKHAUL LOGGING

You can view a summary of the BHM (backhaul modes: Ethernet and Wi-Fi) status of your network.

To view the backhaul modes log:

Select Backhaul Logging in the Diagnostics & Monitoring section.



- 2. To refresh the page, click **Refresh**.
- 3. To delete the log information, click Clear.
- 4. To save the log information, click **Save**.

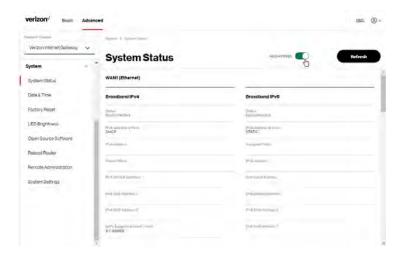
SYSTEM

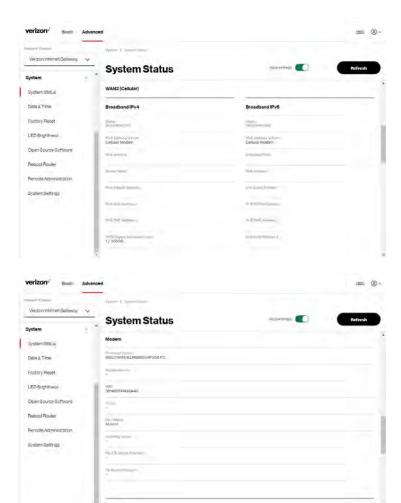
5.3/ SYSTEM 5.3a/ SYSTEM STATUS

To view the status:

- 1. From the **Advanced** menu, select **System**.
- 2. You can quickly view your Gateway's status by selecting **System Status** in the **System** section.
- 3. To refresh the page, click **Refresh**.
- 4. To continuously refresh the page, click **Auto-refresh on**.
- To check for the latest firmware version of your Gateway, click Check for updates.

This section displays the status of your Gateway's local network (LAN) and internet connection (WAN), firmware and hardware version numbers, MAC Address, IP settings of Verizon Business Internet Gateway and extender(s) (if connected).





SYSTEM



5.3b/ DATE & TIME SETTINGS

You can set the time zone and enable automatic time updates.

To configure the settings:

- 1. From the Advanced menu, select System.
- 2. Select Date & Time in the System section.



- 3. In the **Localization** section, click **Edit** to change date and time settings.
- 4. Select the local time zone. Your Gateway automatically detects daylight saving times for selected time zone.
- 5. In the **Automatic Time Update** section, click **Enable on** to perform an automatic time update.
- 6. To refresh the page, click **Refresh**.

5.3c/ FACTORY RESET

You can use this functionality to save and load configuration files. These files are used to backup and restore the current configuration of your Gateway.

Only configuration files saved on a specific Verizon Business Internet Gateway can be applied to that Verizon Business Internet Gateway. You cannot transfer configuration files between Gateways.

Warning: Manually editing a configuration file can cause your Gateway to malfunction or become completely inoperable.

Restore Options

You can restore your configuration settings to your Gateway factory default settings. Restoring the default settings erases the current configuration, including user defined settings and network connections. All connected DHCP clients must request new IP addresses. Your Gateway must restart.

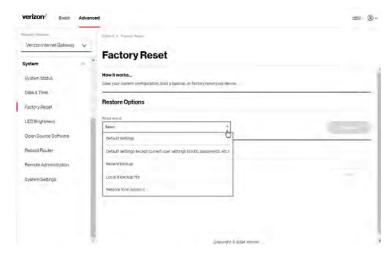
Prior to restoring the factory defaults, you may want to save your current configuration to a file. This allows you to reapply your current settings and parameters to the default settings, as needed.

SYSTEM

Note: When restoring defaults, the setting and parameters of your Gateway are restored to their default values. This includes the administrator password. A user-specified password will no longer be valid.

To restore your Gateway's factory default settings:

- Click Factory Reset in the System section.
- Select Default Settings or Default Settings except current user settings.
 - Default Settings will erase all router settings including user settings for SSID and Passwords.
 - **Default Settings except current user settings** will erase all router settings but will retain the user settings for SSID and passwords.



Click the Restore button. The factory default settings are applied and your Gateway restarts. Once complete, the Login page for the First Time Easy Setup Wizard displays.

To load the configuration file:

- Select Factory Reset in the System section.
- To load a previously saved configuration file, select Recent backup or Load a backup file then click choose file.
- 3. Browse to the location of the file, and click the **Restore** button to begin the configuration uploading process.
- Accessing the My Verizon account also allows you to restore the previously saved settings. Select Restore from account and use My Verizon account to restore the saved settings to the Gateway.
- 5. Click the **Restore** button. Your Gateway will automatically restart with that configuration.

Save Options

To save the configuration file:

- From the Advanced menu, select System.
- 2. Select Factory Reset in the System section.



SYSTEM

- 3. Select **Router** or **Backup file** to save the current configuration, then click **Save** button.
- 4. If you select **Backup file**, the configuration file is saved to you web browser's download folder.
- 5. Click **Save** button to begin the configuration backup process.

5.3d/ LED BRIGHTNESS

The Verizon Business Internet Gateway allows you to set the LED brightness to turn Off (0%) or stay bright (50% or 100%) using the user interface.

To control the LED brightness:

Select LED Brightness in the System section.



- 2. Slide the bar to adjust the brightness of the LED.
- Select your preferred timeout period (in minutes) from the dropdown list for the LED dimming setting. The Status LED will automatically turn off after the timeout period.

4. Click Apply Changes to save changes.

Note: The light will activate again on status changes like WPS pairing or loss of connection.

5.3e/ REBOOT VERIZON BUSINESS INTERNET GATEWAY

Warning: Only select Reboot Router if instructed to do so by Verizon support.

You can reboot your Gateway using the Reboot Router feature. Refer to 1.1a/ Reset PIN Hole for factory reset function.

To reboot your Gateway using the user interface:

1. Select **Reboot Router** in the **System** section.



- 2. To reboot, click **Reboot Device**. Your Gateway will reboot. This may take up to a minute.
- 3. To access your Gateway user interface, refresh your web browser.
- 4. After the Status LED on the top panel turns solid white, you will automatically be sent to the web browser login page.

SYSTEM

5.3f/ REMOTE ADMINISTRATION

Caution: Enabling Remote Administration places your Gateway network at risk from outside attacks.

You can access and control your Gateway not only from within the local network, but also from the internet using **Remote Administration**.

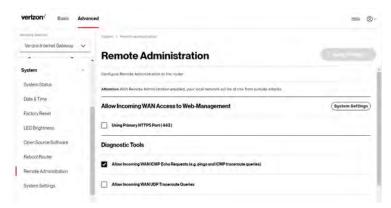
You can allow incoming access to the following:

- Allow Incoming WAN Access to Web-Management used to obtain access to your Gateway's UI and gain access to all settings and parameters through a web browser.
- Diagnostic Tools used for troubleshooting and remote system management by a user or Verizon.

Remote administration access of Web Management may be used to modify or disable firewall settings. Web Management services should be activated only when absolutely necessary.

To enable remote administration:

1. Select Remote Administration in the System section.



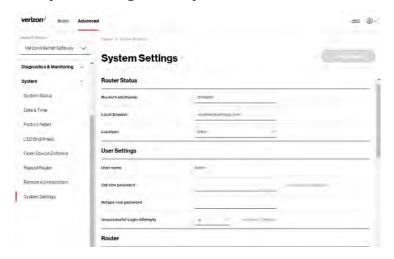
- 2. To enable access, select the check box.
- 3. To remove access, clear the check box.
- 4. Click **Apply Changes** to save changes.

5.3g/ SYSTEM SETTINGS

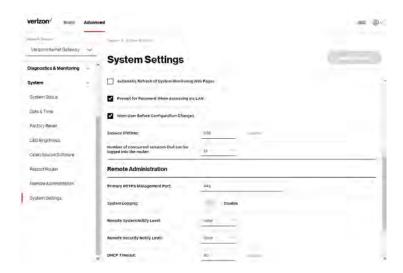
You can configure various system and management parameters.

To configure system settings:

1. Select System Settings in the System section.



SYSTEM



- 2. In the Router Status section, configure the following:
 - Router's Hostname enter the host name of your Verizon Business Internet Gateway.
 - Local Domain view the local domain of the network.
 - Location select your current location of the Gateway from the dropdown list.
- 3. In the User Settings section, you can view the administration user that can currently access your Wi-Fi network. In addition, you can modify the login password and manage the number of unsuccessful login attempts the administration user can enter before your Gateway temporarily denies all further login attempts by the user.
- 4. In the **Router** section, configure the following by selecting the check box:
 - Automatic Refresh of System Monitoring Web Pages activates the automatic refresh of system monitoring web pages.

- Prompt for Password when Accessing via LAN causes your Gateway to ask for a password when trying to connect to the network
- Warn User Before Configuration Changes activates user warnings before network configuration changes take effect.
- In the Session Lifetime field, specify the length of time required before re-entering the login password after your Gateway has been inactive.
- In the Number of concurrent sessions that can be logged into the router field, select the number of users that can access your Gateway at the same time.
- 5. In the **Remote Administration** section, configure the following:
 - Enter the Primary HTTP Management Port.
 Refer to 5.3f Remote Administration for using this feature.
 - In the System Logging section move the selector to on to activate system logging.
 - Remote System Notify Level specify the type of information, such as none, error, warning, and information, received for remote system logging.
 - Remote Security Notify Level specify the type of information, such as none, error, warning, and information, received for remote network security logging.
 - In the **DHCP Timeout** section, specify the DHCP timeout.
- 6. Click **Apply Changes** to save changes.

06/

TROUBLE SHOOTING

6.0 Troubleshooting Tips

6.1 Frequently Asked Questions

This chapter lists solutions for issues that may be encountered while using your Verizon Business Internet Gateway as well as frequently asked questions.

Although the majority of internet connectivity is automatic and transparent, if an issue does occur accessing the internet (e.g. complete loss of connectivity, inability to access services, etc.), you may need to take additional steps to resolve the problem.

TROUBLESHOOTING TIPS

Note: The advanced settings should only be configured by experienced network technicians to avoid adversely affecting the operation of your Gateway and your local network.

6.0/ TROUBLESHOOTING TIPS 6.0a/ IF YOU ARE UNABLE TO CONNECT TO THE INTERNET:

- The first thing to check is whether the battery of your Verizon Business Internet Gateway is completely depleted. If the battery is depleted, charge the Gateway by plugging the provided power cord to the power supply.
- Be sure your Gateway is powered on and is connected to the internet. Check
 the Status LED on the top of the Gateway. Be sure to refer to the "1.1c/ LEDs"
 on page 7 to determine status of the Gateway.
- If the prior tips do not resolve your connection issue, try power cycling the
 Gateway by unplugging the power cord from the power supply and wait
 2 minutes. During the 2 min. wait period, also power cycle the network device
 (e.g. the computer, tablet, etc.) and then plug the power cable back into the
 Gateway. After 3-5 minutes, recheck the Status LED and try again to access
 the internet.
- If rebooting your Gateway does not resolve your connection issue, try
 resetting the Gateway back to its factory default state by manually pressing
 the reset PIN hole on the rear panel of the Gateway for 3+ seconds (the
 Status LED should go off) to begin resetting your Gateway. Your Gateway
 will perform a factory reset and return the Gateway to default settings. The
 Gateway will return to service in 3-5 minutes depending on your network
 connection. Check Status LED and if it is solid white, try again to access the
 internet.

6.0b/ IF YOU ARE UNABLE TO CONNECT TO YOUR VERIZON BUSINESS INTERNET GATEWAY USING WI-FI:

- Be sure your Wi-Fi device is within range of your Gateway; move it closer to see if your connection improves.
- Check your network device's Wi-Fi settings to be sure your device's Wi-Fi is
 on (enabled) and that you have the correct Wi-Fi network and password (if
 using a Wi-Fi password) as configured on your Gateway.
- Be sure you are connecting to the correct Wi-Fi network; check to be sure
 you are using your Gateway's SSID. In some cases, if using a Wi-Fi password,
 you may need to enter the Wi-Fi password into your network device again to
 be sure your device accepts the password.
- Check to be sure you are running the latest software for your network device.
- Try turning your network device's Wi-Fi off and on, and try to connect.
- If you have made any changes in your network settings and turning your network device's Wi-Fi off and on does not help, try to restart your network device.
- You may need to turn the Wi-Fi settings from on to off, and back to on again and apply the changes.
- If you are still unable to access your Gateway, you may need to try
 connecting to the Gateway using another network device. If the issue goes
 away with another network device, the issue is likely with that individual
 network device's configuration.

6.0c/ ACCESSING YOUR VERIZON BUSINESS INTERNET GATEWAY IF YOU ARE LOCKED OUT

 If your Gateway connection is lost while making configuration changes, a setting that locks access to Gateway's UI may have inadvertently been activated.

TROUBLESHOOTING TIPS

The common ways to lock access to your Gateway are:

- Scheduler If a schedule has been created that applies to the computer over the connection being used, your Gateway will not be accessible during the times set in the schedule.
- Access Control If the access control setting for the computer is set to block the computer, access to your Gateway is denied.

To gain access, restore the default settings to your Gateway.

6.0d/ RESTORING YOUR VERIZON BUSINESS INTERNET GATEWAY'S DEFAULT SETTINGS

There are two ways to restore the default settings of your Gateway. It is important to note that after performing either procedure, all previously save settings on your Gateway will be lost.

For additional information regarding the Restore Defaults feature, refer to section 5.3c/ Factory Reset/Restore Options.

- Using the tip of a paperclip or similar object, press and hold the reset PIN hole on the rear of your Gateway for over three seconds.
- Access the UI and navigate to the Advanced Settings page. Select the 5.3c/ Factory Reset option. After saving your configuration, if desired, click the Factory Default radio button. For additional details, refer to the 5.3c/ Factory Reset/Restore Options section of this guide.

Note: If you reset or reboot your Gateway, you may also need to disconnect your Gateway's power supply for a few minutes (3 or more) and then reconnect the power cable.

6.0e/ LAN CONNECTION FAILURE

To troubleshoot a LAN connection failure:

- Verify your Gateway is properly installed, LAN connections are correct, and that the Gateway and communicating network devices are all powered on.
- Confirm that the computer and your Gateway are both on the same network segment.

If unsure, let the computer get the IP address automatically by initiating the DHCP function, then verify the computer is using an IP address within the default range of 192.168.0.2 through 192.168.0.254. If the computer is not using an IP address within the correct IP range, it will not connect to your Gateway.

Verify the subnet mask address is set to 255.255.255.0.

6.0f/ TIMEOUT ERROR OCCURS WHEN ENTERING THE URL OR IP ADDRESS

Verify the following:

- All computers are working properly.
- IP settings are correct.
- Your Gateway is on and connected properly.
- The Gateway settings are the same as the computer.

For connections experiencing lag or a slow response:

- Check for other devices on the network utilizing large portions of the bandwidth and if possible temporarily stop their current utilization and recheck the connection.
- If lag still exists, clear the cache on the computer and if still needed, unplug the Ethernet cable or disable the Wi-Fi connection to the computer

TROUBLESHOOTING TIPS

experiencing the slow connection and then reconnect or enable the Wi-Fi connection and try the connection again.

In rare cases you may also need to:

- Unplug the Ethernet cable to your Gateway and restart the Gateway, wait
 1-2 mins. and insert the Ethernet cable again.
- Under limited circumstances you may use a port forwarding configuration on the Gateway, based on the application you are using (refer to the 5.0e/ Port Forwarding section or Verizon's support online help for more details).

6.0g/ LEDS AND WPS BUTTON

System LED

LED Mode	Status	LED Pattern
System Status (Power)		
Bootup	System booting	Soft blink white
	Firmware update	Fast blink white
Regular usage mode	Rest mode Solid white	
Wired WAN connectivity	In service	Solid blue
IP Passthrough mode	IPPT (IP Passthrough) Solid gree	
Other	Factory reset	Fast blink yellow
	Hardware error	Soft blink red
	No SIM card	Hard blink red
	No signal; not connected to Internet	Solid red

Wi-Fi LED

LED Mode	Status	LED Pattern
÷		
Regular usage mode	Passing signal	Solid white
	Setup complete	Solid white
	Not connected to Internet	Solid red
	Rest mode	Solid dim white
Pairing	Pairing WPS (in progress)	Hard blink blue
	WPS connection success	Fast blink blue
	WPS connection unsuccessful (time out)	Fast blink red
	WPS connection failure (interrupted)	Hard blink red
Other	Hardware error Soft blink red	

Signal Strength LEDs

LED Mode	Status	LED Pattern
Regular usage mode	Rest mode	50% dim white
3 bars (Excellent 5G or 4G coverage	Solid white

TROUBLESHOOTING TIPS

LED Mode	Status	LED Pattern
2 bars ()	Good 5G or 4G coverage	Solid white
1 bar (∎)	Weak 5G or 4G coverage	Solid white

The rear panel's WPS Button allows quick access to the Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) feature and handset paging/pairing mode.

Battery LEDs

LED Mode	Status	LED Pattern
1111	More bars indicates more battery life	Solid white

6.0h/ REAR LIGHTED INDICATORS

Ethernet Port LED Mode	Status	Left LED	Right LED
	Ethernet > 100M* Link	Off	Solid white
Wired LAN connection	Ethernet > 100M* Activity	Off	Blinking white
* Threshold level can be decided	Ethernet < 100M* Link	Solid yellow	Off
based on port capability	Ethernet < 100M* Activity	Blinking yellow	Off
	No Ethernet connection	Off	Off

6.1/ FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS 6.1a/ I'VE RUN OUT OF ETHERNET PORTS ON MY VERIZON BUSINESS INTERNET GATEWAY. HOW DO I ADD MORE

COMPUTERS OR DEVICES?

Plugging in an Ethernet hub or switch expands the number of ports on your Gateway.

 Run a straight-through Ethernet cable from the Uplink port of the new hub to the Gateway.

Use a crossover cable if there is no Uplink port/switch on your hub, to connect to the Gateway.

• Remove an existing device from the Ethernet port on your Gateway and use that port.

6.1b/ HOW DO I CHANGE THE PASSWORD ON MY GATEWAY UI?

To change the password:

- On the main screen, select Advanced, then select System Settings in the System section.
- 2. In the **User Settings** section, set a new password.

6.1c/ IS THE WI-FI OPTION ON BY DEFAULT ON MY GATEWAY?

Yes, your Gateway's Wi-Fi option is activated out of the box.

6.1d/ IS THE WI-FI SECURITY ON BY DEFAULT WHEN THE WI-FI OPTION IS ACTIVATED?

Yes, with the unique WPA2 (Wi-Fi Protected Access II) key, also called the Wi-Fi Password, that is printed on the sticker on the bottom of your Gateway.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

6.1e/ ARE THE GATEWAY'S ETHERNET PORTS AUTO-SENSING?

Yes. Either a straight-through or crossover Ethernet cable can be used.

6.1f/ CAN I USE AN OLDER WI-FI DEVICE TO CONNECT TO MY GATEWAY?

Yes, your Gateway can interface with 802.11b, g, n, ac or ax devices. The Gateway also can be setup to handle only n Wi-Fi cards, g Wi-Fi cards, b Wi-Fi cards, or any combination of the three.

6.1g/ CAN MY WI-FI SIGNAL PASS THROUGH FLOORS, WALLS, AND GLASS?

The physical environment surrounding your Gateway can have a varying effect on signal strength and quality. The denser the object, such as a concrete wall compared to a plaster wall, the greater the interference. Concrete or metal reinforced structures experience a higher degree of signal loss than those made of wood, plaster, or glass.

6.1h/ HOW DO I LOCATE THE IP ADDRESS THAT MY COMPUTER IS USING?

In Windows 8 or Windows 10, click the Windows button and select **Settings**, then click **Network & Internet** and **Status**. Click the **Properties** button for details of IP address.

On Mac OS X, open System Preferences and click the Network icon. The IP address displays near the top of the screen.

To find the IP address from the router GUI:

- 1. From the **Basic** menu, select **Devices** from the left pane.
- Click the Settings icon to access the **Device Settings** page for that device to view detailed IP address information for the device.

6.1i/ IUSED DHCP TO CONFIGURE MY NETWORK. DO INEED TO RESTART MY COMPUTER TO REFRESH MY IP ADDRESS?

No. In Windows 8, Windows 10 and Mac OSX, unplug the Ethernet cable or Wi-Fi card, then plug it back in.

6.1j/ ICANNOT ACCESS MY GATEWAY UI. WHAT SHOULD I DO?

If you cannot access the UI, verify the computer connected to your Gateway is set up to dynamically receive an IP address.

6.1k/ I HAVE A FTP OR WEB SERVER ON MY NETWORK. HOW CAN I MAKE IT AVAILABLE TO USERS ON THE INTERNET?

For a web server, enable port forwarding for port 80 to the IP address of the server. Also, set up the web server to receive that port. Configuring the server to use a static IP address is recommended.

For a FTP server, enable port forwarding for port 21 to the IP address of the server. Also, set up the web server to receive that port. Configuring the server to use a static IP address is recommended.

6.11/ HOW MANY COMPUTERS CAN BE CONNECTED THROUGH MY GATEWAY?

Your Gateway is capable of 254 connections, but we recommend having no more than 132 connections. As the number of connections increases, the available speed for each computer decreases.

07/

SPECIFICATIONS

7.0 General Specifications

7.1 Connections

The specifications for your Verizon Business Internet Gateway are as follows.

This includes standards, cabling types and environmental parameters.

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Note: The specifications listed in this chapter are subject to change without notice.

7.0/ GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Model Number: XC46BE

Technical Standard: 3GPP Release 16 (DL CAT 19, UL CAT 18)

Frequency band: LTE Band: B2,B5,B13,B48,B66,

DL 4x4 MIMO, UL 1x1 SISO

5G Band: n2, n48, n66, n77: DL 4x4 MIMO, UL 2x2 MIMO; n5: DL 4x4 MIMO, UL 1x1

MIMO

Wi-Fi Standard: 802.11 a/b/g/n/ac/ax/be

Dimensions: 140 mm x 140 mm x 220.5 mm (L x W x H)

Weight: 1.15 Kg

Certifications: FCC, UL

Operating Temperature: 5° C to 40° C (41° F to 104° F)

Storage Temperature: -45° C to 70° C (-49° F to 158° F)

Operating Humidity: 5% to 90%

Storage Humidity: 5% to 95% (non-condensing)

7.1/ CONNECTIONS

DC Input: source adapter: 12V/3.5A

Battery: 70.56Wh

RJ-45 Ethernet: Two 1Gigabit LAN Ports

One 2.5Gigabit WAN Port, PoE 802.bt

(Secondary Power)

OS/ NOTICES

- **8.0** Regulatory Compliance Notices
- **8.1** Battery Safety Instructions

This chapter lists various compliance, modification notices and GPL, as well as Battery Safety Instructions.

REGULATORY COMPLIANCE NOTICES

8.0/ REGULATORY COMPLIANCE NOTICES 8.0a/ Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter

Operations in the 5.15-5.25GHz band are restricted to indoor usage only.

This device meets all the other requirements specified in Part 15E, Section 15.407 of the FCC Rules.

Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.

8.0b/ UL Statement

This product is intended to be supplied by an UL certified Class II power supply or Class II DC source suitable for use at minimum Tma 40 degree C whose output meets ES1, PS2 and is rated 12VDC, 3.5A. If need further assistance, please visit http://support.verizon.com/router to find your nearest Verizon store or for 24/7 help with live chat and device-specific support.

The PoE circuits are considered as ES1 circuits and suitable for PoE bt type3 and voltage range 42.5 to 57V. The function of the ITE being investigated to IEC TR 62102 is considered not connection to an Ethernet Network with outside plant routing, including campus environment; and the installation instruction clearly states that the ITE is to be connected only to PoE networks without routing to the outside plant.

Caution: The Verizon Business Internet Gateway must be installed inside the home or office. The Gateway is not designed for exterior installation.

BATTERY SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

8.0c/ GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

This product includes software made available under open source licenses. Additional information about that software, applicable licenses, and downloadable copies of source code, is available at:

https://verizon.com/opensource/

All open source software contained in this product is distributed WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY. All such software is subject to the copyrights of the authors and to the terms of the applicable licenses included in the download.

This information is provided for those who wish to edit or otherwise change such programs. You do not need a copy of any of such open source software source code to install or operate the device.

8.1/ BATTERY SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Please follow the below instructions carefully.

Caution and Safety Information:

In order to prevent battery leakage, overheating, explosion, please follow these precautions:

DO NOT

- put battery into water or seawater; and avoid humidity
- put the battery in microwave or under pressure chamber
- place the battery near heat sources such as fire or heater
- reverse the positive and negative terminals of the battery
- connect the battery terminals to the power output
- knock or throw the battery

- pierce the battery with a pin or other sharp objects
- use a hammer or step on the battery
- leave the battery in unattended vehicle where it can get too hot or too cold
- Only use the charger that came with the device. Directly charging or using non-factory charger will reduce the battery life and/or damage the battery
- Short-circuiting the battery will lead to severe damage, reduce lifespan and potentially causing it to leak or explode
- Battery has built-in safety features. Opening the battery and/or changing the parts may results in damage, leak or explosion
- Maintain operating temperature within the range
- Charge temperature ranges: 0°C to 50°C Discharge Temperature ranges: -20°C to 60°C

Warning

- Stop using the battery if it becomes abnormally hot, having an odor or subject to discoloration, deformation or any abnormal condition that is detected during use, charging, or storage.
- If the battery doesn't complete charging within the specified time, then charging should be stopped.
- If liquid leaking from battery gets into your eyes, don't rub your eyes, wash them with clean water and see a health care provider immediately.
- Keep away from fire sources immediately if the battery leaks or the
 electrolyte emits an odor. If the battery leakage or electrolyte gets into your
 skin or cloths, wash with fresh water immediately. If the battery leakage or
 electrolyte gets into the eyes, do not rub your eyes. Rinse with clean water
 and seek an ophthalmologist to prevent eye injuries.

BATTERY SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

- Do not mix the battery with other chemical batteries or batteries of different capacities or brands.
- If the battery emits an unusual odor, heats up, changes color, or deforms, immediately stop charging.
- Keep battery away from children
- Charging current must be as specified in the user guide and cell specs.
- Discharge current must be as specified in device/battery cell specs.
- Do not touch any damaged or leaking lithium-ion batteries.
- Battery must be charged following the described steps in user guide.
- If the battery has been in the charging mode for a long time while it is fully charged status, an abnormal swelling may be caused. Users should avoid overcharging for a long period of time.

CAUTION

- Risk of fire or explosion if the battery is replaced by an incorrect type
- High or low extreme temperatures that a battery can be subjected to during use, storage or transportation
- Disposal of a battery into fire or a hot oven, or mechanically crushing or cutting of a battery, that can result in an explosion
- Leaving a battery in an extremely high temperature surrounding environment that can result in an explosion or the leakage of flammable liquid or gas
- A battery subjected to extremely low air pressure at high altitude that may result in an explosion or the leakage of flammable liquid or gas

Warranty:

The battery is covered with limited warranty. The battery is considered a 'wear and tear' item and expected to wear out with normal usage and should be replaced when the charging time exceeds the specifications.

The battery has one year warranty and maintain 80% of battery capability after 500 cycles at 25°C whichever comes first.

The battery warranty does not cover improper usage:

- Misuse (for instance, use at temperatures other than within the acceptable ranges defined in user guide or the Safety Instructions), unauthorized modifications, neglect, improper installation or testing, unauthorized attempts to repair, abuse, damage, or alteration by an entity or person other than the manufacturer; or
- Device or battery damaged by external causes, including without limitation, damage by fire, accident, power surge, power failure, improper storage or other hazard, natural disasters, wear and tear, or sulphation.